

GOVIND GURU TRIBAL UNIVERSITY, BANSWARA
गोविन्दगुरुजनजातीयविश्वविद्यालय, बाँसवाड़ा

LL.B.THREEYEARSOURSE(ANN
UAL SCHEME)

SYLLABUSANDCOURSE COMPONENT

FIRSTYEAR

SESSION2020-21

SECOND YEAR

SESSION2021-22

THIRD YEAR

SESSION2022 -23

[ALL SUBJECTS]



LAW SUBJECTS [LL.B.]		
S. No.	NAME OF SUBJECT	NUMBER OF PAPER/PAPERS
1)	CONSTITUTIONAL LAW	01
2)	LAW OF TORTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 2019	01
3)	FAMILY LAW-I (HINDU LAW)	01
4)	FAMILY LAW-II (MOHAMMEDAN LAW)	01
5)	LAW OF CONTRACT [GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND SPECIFIC RELIEF ACT, 1963]	01
6)	SPECIAL CONTRACTS [SALE OF GOODS ACT, 1930, INDIAN PARTNERSHIP ACT, 1932, LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP ACT, 2008]	01
7)	LEGAL LANGUAGE, LEGAL WRITING AND GENERAL ENGLISH	01
8)	LEGAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA	01
9)	JURISPRUDENCE	01
10)	LAW OF CRIMES (INDIAN PENAL CODE, 1860)	01
11)	TRANSFER OF PROPERTY LAW (ACT OF 1882) AND THE INDIAN EASEMENTS ACT, 1882	01
12)	COMPANY LAW AND THE COMPETITION ACT, 2002	01
13)	PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW AND HUMAN RIGHTS	01
14)	LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAWS	01
15)	PRINCIPLES OF TAXATION LAW	01
16)	LAW OF EVIDENCE	01
17)	CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, 1973	01
18)	CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, 1908 AND LIMITATION ACT, 1963	01
19)	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW AND RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005	01
20)	ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS	01
21)	LAND LAWS	01
22)	INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES AND PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION	01
PRACTICAL/CLINICAL PAPERS		
23)	PUBLIC INTEREST LAWYERING, LEGAL AID, PARA-LEGAL SERVICES AND MOOT COURT VIVA-VOCE EXAMINATION	01
24)	MEDIATION, CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION	01
25)	PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & PROFESSIONAL	01

	ACCOUNTING SYSTEM	
26)	DRAFTING, PLEADING AND CONVEYANCING	01
27)	MOOT-COURT EXERCISE AND INTERNSHIP	01
TOTAL -27 PAPERS		

LL.B.FIRST YEAR SESSION2020-21

PAPER 1.1. :	CONSTITUTIONALLAW
PAPER 1.2. :	LAWOF TORTSANDCONSUMERPROTECTION ACT 2019
PAPER 1.3. :	FAMILYLAW–I(HINDULAW)
PAPER 1.4. :	FAMILYLAW–II(MOHAMMEDANLAW)
PAPER 1.5. :	LAWOFCONTRACT[GENERALPRINCIPLES AND SPECIFIC RELIEF ACT, 1963]
PAPER 1.6. :	SPECIAL CONTRACTS [SALE OF GOODS ACT, 1930,INDIAN PARTNERSHIP ACT, 1932, LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP ACT, 2008]
PAPER 1.7. :	LEGALLANGUAGE,LEGALWRITINGAND GENERAL ENGLISH
PAPER 1.8. :	LEGALANDCONSTITUTIONALHISTORYOF INDIA

PRACTICALPAPERS:

PAPER 1.9. :	PUBLICINTEREST LAWYERING, LEGALAID,PARA-LEGALSERVICESAND MOOT COURT VIVA-VOCEEXAMINATION
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LL.B.SECONDYEAR SESSION2021-22

PAPER 2.1.:	JURISPRUDENCE
PAPER 2.2.:	LAWOFCRIMES(INDIANPENALCODE,1860)
PAPER 2.3.:	TRANSFEROFPROPERTYLAW(ACTOF1882) AND THE INDIAN EASEMENTS ACT, 1882
PAPER2.4.:	COMPANYLAWAND THECOMPETITIONACT,2002
PAPER 2.5.:	PUBLICINTERNATIONALLAWAND HUMAN RIGHTS
PAPER 2.6.:	LABOURANDINDUSTRIALLAWS
PAPER 2.7.:	PRINCIPLESOFTAXATIONLAW

PRACTICAL PAPERS:

PAPER 2.8:	MEDIATION,CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION
PAPER 2.9.:	PROFESSIONALETHICS&PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

LL.B.THIRDYEAR SESSION2022-23

PAPER 3.1.:	LAWOF EVIDENCE
PAPER 3.2.:	CODEOFCRIMINALPROCEDURE,1973
PAPER 3.3.:	CODEOFCIVILPROCEDURE,1908AND LIMITATION ACT, 1963
PAPER 3.4.:	ADMINISTRATIVELAWAND

PAPER 3.5.:	RIGHTTOINFORMATIONACT,2005
PAPER3.6.:	ENVIRONMENTALLAWS
PAPER 3.7.:	LAND LAWS
	INTERPRETATIONOFSTATUTESAND
	PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION
<u>PRACTICALPAPERS:</u>	
PAPER 3.8.:	DRAFTING,PLEADINGANDCONVEYANCE
PAPER 3.9.:	PRACTICALTRAINING:MOOTCOURT
	EXERCISE AND INTERNSHIP

FIRST YEAR
SESSION 2020-21

PAPER1.1.

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The syllabus includes latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The Constitution of India is the supreme law of the country. This course provides the description of the necessary fundamental concepts and doctrines of Constitutional Law. The Course is designed to acquaint students with the basic principles of Constitution and Constitutionalism. The Course also has the objective to familiarize the students with the Federal principles of Indian Constitution and the powers, functions and structures of various Constitutional bodies. The course is to be studied in the social, economic and political context in which the constitution operates together with the in-depth study of the latest reshaping of the Article 370 and 35-A and the Reorganization of the Jammu and Kashmir state.

UNIT-I

Date of Commencement of the Indian Constitution; Concepts of Constitutional Law and Constitutionalism; Salient features of the Constitution; Nature of the Indian Federalism, Preamble - Meaning of the Preamble; Object, Purpose and Scope of the Preamble; Contents of the Preamble; Utility of Preamble in interpretation of the Constitution; Whether Preamble is part of the Constitution? Citizenship and State {including relevant provisions of Citizenship Act, 1955 as amended by The Citizenship (Amendment) Act, 2019} (Basic Concepts and Future Effects).

UNIT-II

Fundamental Rights (Part - III), Directive Principles of State Policy and Fundamental Duties- Fundamental Rights; Right to Equality; Right to Freedom; Fundamental Duties; Right to Freedoms; Right against Exploitation; Freedom of Religion

UNIT-III

Legislative Relations between Union and States; Parliament and State Legislatures: Composition, Powers and Functions, Law Making Procedure, Parliamentary Privileges. Union and State Executive: The President- Powers and Functions, Emergency Provisions; Governor - Powers and Functions

UNIT-IV

Union Judiciary: Supreme Court, Composition, Appointment of Judges and Jurisdiction, and State Judiciary, High Court - Composition, Appointment of Judges and Jurisdiction, Writ Jurisdiction.

UNIT-V

Right to Property; Amendment of the Constitution: Power of the Parliament to amend the Constitution and Theory of Basic Structure.

Temporary provision (Article 370): Reorganization of Articles 370 and 35-A by the Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order 2019 and Re-Organization of Jammu and Kashmir through The Jammu and Kashmir Reorganization Act, 2019. (Basic Concepts and Future Effects).

LEADING CASES:

- 1) *Minerva Mills v. Union of India*, AIR(1978)SC 1789
- 2) *Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India*, AIR(1978)SC 597
- 3) *Kesavananda Bharthi v. State of Kerala*, AIR(1973)SC 1476
- 4) *Kehar Singh v. Union of India*, AIR(1989)SC 653
- 5) *Justice K.S. Puttaswamy v. Union of India and Ors. (Retd.) and Anr.* (2017) SC

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Arvind Datar, *Commentary on Constitution of India* (3 Vols), Lexis Nexis (2010).
- Austin, Granville: *Working a Democratic Constitution: Indian Experience* 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2000
- Bakshi, P.M.: *Constitution of India-8th Edition*, Universal Law Pub., 2017.
- Basu, D.D.: *Introduction to the Constitution of India* (English & Hindi)
- Basu, Durga Das: *Shorter Constitution of India*, 13th Edition, Wadhwa, 2012.
- *Constitution of India as amended upto-date*
- *Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order 2019*
- D.D. Basu, *Constitutional Law of India*, Lexis Nexis (2013).
- H.M. Seervi, *Constitutional Law of India*, N.M. Tripathi.
- Jain, M.P.: *Indian Constitutional Law-5th Edition*, Wadhwa, 2015.
- Kashyap Subhash C., *Constitutional Law of India*, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 2015
- M.P. Jain, *Indian Constitutional Law*, Lexis Nexis (2015).
- Paras Diwan: *Constitution of India*
- Seervai, H.M.: *Constitutional Law of India- 4th Edition*, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
- Shukla, V.N.: *The Constitution of India-11th Edition*, Eastern Book Company, 2017.
- *The Citizenship Act, 1955*
- *The Citizenship (Amendment) Act, 2019*
- *The Jammu and Kashmir Reorganisation Act, 2019*
- *Various Amendments made to the Constitution of India*

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PAPER1.2.

LAW OF TORTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 2019

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The syllabus includes latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

With rapid industrialization, law of tort has taken a dynamic shape and came to be used as an effective remedy against manufacturers and industrial units for their activities injurious to human beings. Product liability is now assuming a new dimension in developed economics. Hence, the basic purpose for introducing this law to the students is to make them understand the constituents of tort and general principles; Provide an in-depth clarity about various defences available against tortious liability together with The Consumer Protection Act, 2019 and Motor Vehicles (Amendment) Act 2019.

UNIT-I

Meaning, Nature and Definition of Tort:

Development of actions in tort in England and India; Meaning, Nature and definition of tort; Tort distinguished from contract, Quasi-Contract, breach of trust and crime; Foundation of tortious liability; Kinds of Damages; Relevance of Motive in Torts and its Exceptions—wrongful act, damage and remedy; Malfeasance, Misfeasance and Non-Feasance; Felonious Torts.

General Defences in Tort:

Volenti Non Fit Injuria, consent, voluntary assumption of risk, exclusion clauses; Vis Major (Act of God); Inevitable accident; Act of third parties; Novus Actus Interveniens; Plaintiff's wrong or default; Self-defence and Defence of Property; Necessity; Statutory Authority; Judicial and quasi-judicial acts; Parental and quasi-parental authorities; Illegality; Mistake of Fact.

UNIT-II

Damages and Remoteness of Damage; Contributory Negligence, Death as creating and extinguishing Liability

Damages: Types- General and special, nominal, contemptuous, aggravated, exemplary, Compensatory damages- Principles of causation, foreseeability, certainty, assessment and calculation of damages-principles, personal injuries, death, loss of property, economic and non-economic losses; Injunction- Permanent and Temporary, Quia Timet Action; Replevin (Claim and Delivery); Ejectment

Extra- Judicial Remedies:

Self-Defence, Re-Entry on Land, Recapture of goods, Abatement, Distress Damage Feasant.

Vicarious Liability:

Principle of Vicarious Liability - Nature, Scope and Justification; Concept of Master (Employer) and Servant (Employee) relationship; State Liability; Concept of Sovereign and Non-Sovereign Functions; Strict Liability and its Exceptions, Absolute Liability, No-Fault Liability and their Exceptions;

Liability for Statements (Deceit); Malicious Prosecution and Civil Proceedings; Joint and Several Tort Feasors; Judicial Responses.

UNIT-III

Trespass to Person:

Assault, Battery, Mayhem; Causing Emotional Distress; False Imprisonment

Trespass to Property:

Liability for Land and Structure including Occupier's Liability; Private Nuisance: Conversion; Trespass to land, Trespass to personal property, Detention and conversion, Passing off; Injury to trademark, patent and copyrights; Public and Private Nuisance; Particular defences available in each of these types.

Trespass to Reputation:

Defamation: Libel and Slander; Freedom of speech and expression; Defences to defamation; Invasion of privacy and defences

UNIT-IV

Negligence:

Duty to take care and its breach; Foreseeability, causation; Contributory negligence and other defences to negligence; Occupier's Liability; Res Ipsa Loquitur

Miscellaneous:

Liability for Statements (Deceit); Malicious Prosecution and Civil Proceedings; Joint and Several Tort Feasors; Judicial Responses; Conspiracy.

UNIT-V

Consumer Protection Act, 2019:

Consumer Protection; Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept and Third Party Beneficiary; Consumer Protection Councils; Central Consumer Protection Authority; Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission; Mediation; Product Liability; Offences and Penalties

Motor Vehicles Act 1988 (The Motor Vehicles (Amendment) Act 2019):

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Amendment, Fault and No-Fault Liability of Driver and Owner; Concepts regarding Third Party; Driving Licenses; National and State Register of Driving Licenses; National Transportation Policy; Offences and Penalties, Powers and Jurisdiction of a Motor Accidents Claims Tribunal, Judicial Responses.

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Donoghue v. Stevenson (1932)
- 2) Indian Medical Association v. V.P. Shantha, AIR (1996) SC 558.

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- 3) Municipal Corporation of Delhi v. Smt. Subhagwati, AIR (1966) SC 17.
- 4) N. Nagendra Rao v. State of Andhra Pradesh, AIR (1994) SC 2663.
- 5) Rylands v. Fletcher, (1868) LP. 3HL 330.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 Including The Motor Vehicles (Amendment) Act, 2019
- Ramaswamy Iyer's The Law of Torts, Lakshminath, 10th ed., 2007, Lexis Nexis.
- Ratan Lal and Dhiraj Lal, The Law of Torts, Akshay Sapre ed., 27th ed., 2016, Lexis Nexis.
- Salmond and Heuston on the Law of Torts, R F V Heuston and R A Buckley Ed., 21st ed., Sweet and Maxwell.
- The Consumer Protection Act, 2019
- Winfield and Jolowicz on Tort, W. V. H. Rogers ed., 18th ed., 2010, Sweet and Maxwell.

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PAPER1.3.

FAMILYLAW-I
(HINDU LAW)

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The syllabus includes latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

This course involves the student with the introduction of Hindu law as it affects property relations. It primarily covers the concept of Undivided Family of the Hindu law, the provisions relating to intestate and testamentary succession applicable to persons of all denominations and other provisions relating to marriage, succession etc. in Hindu law. The study of the course will attempt to view Hindu law not merely as a separate system of personal laws based upon religions but as the one cutting across the religious lines and eventually enabling us to fulfil the constitutional directive of uniform civil code.

UNIT-I

Hindu Law:

Sources, School and Application, Coparcenary, Joint Family Property and Self-acquired property; Karta and his powers and obligations, Religious and Charitable Endowments – Essentials of an Endowment Kinds, Shebait and Mahant;

UNIT-II

The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955:

Conditions of a valid Hindu Marriage; Its ceremonies and registration, Void and Voidable Marriage : Restitution of Conjugal Rights; Judicial Separation, Legitimacy of Children of Void and Voidable Marriage; Divorce and its grounds; Alternative relief in divorce proceedings, Divorce by Mutual Consent, One year bar to Divorce; Divorced persons when may marry again; Jurisdiction and Procedure. The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006. Validity of Child Marriage; Judicial Responses.

UNIT-III

The Hindu Succession Act, 1956:

Succession to the property of a Hindu male; Succession to interest in Coparcenary property, Property of a Female Hindu to be her absolute Property; Succession to the property of a Hindu female; General rules and disqualifications of succession, Escheat; Judicial Responses.

UNIT-IV

The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956:

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Requisites of a valid adoption; Capacity to take in adoption; Capacity to give in Adoption, Effects of Adoption; Miscellaneous provisions of adoptions; Maintenance of wife, children and parents; Maintenance of widowed daughter-in-law; Dependents and their maintenance; Amount of Maintenance; Judicial Responses;

UNIT-V

The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956:

Natural Guardians and their powers; Testamentary guardian and their powers, De Facto Guardian, General Provisions of Guardianship; Judicial Responses.

Partition under Hindu Law: Meaning, Property for Partition, person entitled to sue for partition and allotment of shares, Partition, and allotment of shares, how effected, Determination of shares, Re-opening of Partition, Reunion, Debts – Doctrine of Pious Obligation; Antecedent Debts; Judicial Responses;

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Shastri Yajna Purusdasji v. Muldas, AIR 1966 SC 1119
- 2) Bipin Chandrav. Prabhavati, AIR (1957) SC 176.
- 3) Dr. Narayan Ganesh Dastane v. Sucheta Dastane AIR (1975) SC 1534
- 4) Dharmendra Kumar v. Usha Kumar, AIR (1977) SC 2218
- 5) Tulsammav. Sessa Reddi, AIR (1977) SC 1944

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Kusum, Family Law Lectures: Family Law I, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Mulla: Principles of Hindu Law
- Paras Diwan: Modern Hindu Law
- Paras Diwan, Law of Marriage and Divorce (5th Edn. 2008)
- Professor Kusum, Family Law Lectures- Family Law-I, Lexis Nexis Publications, (3rd Ed. 2011)
- Raghavachariar: Hindu Law – Principles and Precedents
- Ranganath Misra (Rev.), Mayne's Treatise on Hindu Law & Usage (16th Ed. 2008)
- Satyajeet A Desai, Mulla's, Hindu Law, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Tahir Mahmood, Principles of Hindu Law, Universal Law Publishing, New Delhi.

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PAPER1.4.

FAMILY LAW – **II(MOHAMMEDANLA** **W)**

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The syllabus includes latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The subject of family law is important to understand those rights and obligations, to regulate the family matters through the law and thus to minimize conflicts within the family this subject is also important to understand the various reliefs in family disputes. This course involves the student with the introduction of Muslim law as it affects property relations. It primarily covers the concept of Marriage, Divorce Pre-emption, Will etc., the provisions relating to intestate and testamentary succession applicable to persons of all denominations and other provisions relating to Wakf etc. in the law with latest amendments.

UNIT-I

Mohammedan Law:

History and Origin, Development, Sources, Schools, Application, Interpretation and Conversion;

UNIT-II

Marriage:

Definitions, Nature of Marriage, Essentials of Marriage; Prohibitions of Marriage, Khyar-ul-bulugh, Matrimonial Stipulation, Kinds of Marriage and Effects of Marriage.

Mahr: Meaning, Nature, Kinds, Object and Subject-Matter. Wife's rights on non-payment of dower; Judicial Responses.

Dissolution of Marriage: By Death of either party, By Act of either parties, By Mutual Consent, By Court – Section 2 of the dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939 (including amendments if any); Legal effects of divorce, Iddat, Hiba-e-Muddat, Legal Status of Triple Talaq, Concept of Halala; Judicial Responses.

Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Act, 2019:

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key features of the Act; Judicial Responses;

UNIT-III

Pre-emption:

Meaning, Nature and Classification of Haq Shufa (Pre-emption); Rights of pre-emption, when Conflict of Laws, Subject matter and Formalities of Pre-emption, legal effects of pre-

emption, Devices for evading pre-emption; Judicial Responses.

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Gift : Meaning and requisites to gift (Hiba); Gift of Musha, Conditional and Future Gifts, Life Estate, Life Interest, (Hiba-bil-Ewaj, Hiba-ba-Shartul-Ewaj); Judicial Responses;

UNIT-IV

Will (Vasiyat) Competence of Testator and Legatee, Valid subjects of Will:

Testamentary Limitations, Formalities of a Will and Abatement of Legacy; Judicial Responses.

Legitimacy and Acknowledgement:

Legitimacy and Legitimation, Presumption of Legitimacy under Muslim Law and Section 112 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 Conditions of a Valid Acknowledgement; Judicial Responses.

Maintenance:

Persons entitled to Maintenance, Principles of Maintenance;

The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986; Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key features of the Act; Judicial Responses.

Death Bed Transactions: Meaning and Effect of Marz-ul-Maut;

UNIT-V

Wakf: Meaning, Essentials and Kinds, Beneficiaries of Wakf; The Mussalman Wakf Validating Act, 1913, The Wakf Act, 1955; Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key features of the Acts; Judicial Responses.

Formalities for Creation of Wakf; Wakf of Musha; Muslim religious institution and officers; Administration of Wakf; Mutawalli; The Wakf (Amendment) Act, 2013- Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key features of the Amendment; Judicial Responses.

Inheritance: General Principles, Doctrines of Aul and Radd under Hanafi and Shia Law;

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Danial Latif v. Union of India (2001) 1 SC 740
- 2) Habibur Rahman v. Altaf Ali (1921) 42 IA 114
- 3) M/s Shabnam Hashmi v. Union of India AIR 2014 SC 1281
- 4) Maina Bibi v. Choudhary Vakil Ahmed, (1923) 52 IA 145
- 5) Mohd. Ahmed Khan v. Shah Bano Begum, AIR (1985) SC 945
- 6) Moonshree Buzul-ul-Rahim v. Lateefunnisa, (1861) 8, MIA 379.
- 7) Shabana Banov. Imran Khan, AIR (2010) SC 305
- 8) Shayara Banov. Union of India and Ors., (2017) 9 SCC 1

SUGGESTED READING:

- Amer Ali, Mohammedan Law, Vol. I and II, Eastern Book Company, Luknow.
- Aqil Ahmed: Mohammedan Law
- Asaf A. Fyze, Outline of Muhammadan Law, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Fyze: Mohammedan Law

- Mulla, Principles of Mohammedan Law, LexisNexis, Nagpur
- Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Act, 2019
- Poonam Pradhan Saxena, Family Law Lectures: Family Law II, LexisNexis, New Delhi.
- Tahir Mahmood, Principles of Hindu Law, Universal Law Publishing, New Delhi.
- The Mussalman Wakf Validating Act, 1913
- The Wakf Act, 1955
- The Wakf (Amendment) Act, 2013.

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PAPER1.5.

LAW OF CONTRACT

[GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF CONTRACT AND SPECIFIC RELIEF ACT, 1963]

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The syllabus includes latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

To apply the basic principles in contractual relations, there need to be a clear understanding of the basic sources of law of contract. As the major source of contract law being the principles of English common law, we need to discuss the evolution of law of contract and the similarities and dissimilarities with the English law of contract. Hence, this course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of these various general principles of contractual relations. Specific enforcement of contract is an important aspect of the law of contract. Analysis of the kinds of contracts that can be specifically enforced and the methods of enforcement forms a significant segment of this study. A practical overview of Specific Relief Act which gives a judicial remedy to enforce performance of contract is also included in the study.

UNIT-I

Meaning, elements and characteristics of Contract; Formation and Classification of Contract, including the Standard form of Contract; Proposal: Meaning, Elements Characteristics and Kinds of Proposal; Distinction between Proposal and Invitation to Proposal; Acceptance: Meaning, Modes and Characteristics of Acceptance; Communication, Revocation and Termination of Proposal and Acceptance;

UNIT-II

Consideration:

Meaning, Definition and Elements of Consideration; Significance and adequacy of consideration; Privity to Contract; Unlawful Consideration and Object
Valid Contract

Capacity to Contract:

Parties competent to contract; Position of minor; Person of unsound mind, nature of contract by person of unsound mind; Persons deprived of the Capacity to Contract.

Free Consent:

Meaning of Consent and Free Consent; Factors rendering consent not free and their effect upon the validity of Contract; E- Contracts: Definition, Silent Features, Formation and types, Differences between E- Contract and Traditional Contract, Advantages and Disadvantages of E -Contracts;

UNIT-III

Voidable and Void Agreements:

Doctrine of severability; Agreements in restraint of marriage; in restraint of trade; Uncertain agreements; in restraint of legal proceedings; Agreement by way of wager; Contingent Contract; Certain relations resembling to those created by Contract (Quasi Contract)

UNIT-IV

Performance of Contract:

Parties to perform the contract Joint rights and joint liability and performance of reciprocal promises; Time, Place and Manner of Performance; Discharge from liability to perform the contract.

UNIT-V

Breach of Contract:

Meaning and Kinds; Remedies for Breach of Contract: (i) Damages—Measure of damages and remoteness of damage; (ii) Specific Performance of contract and injunctions under Specific Relief Act, 1963 and Amendments.

LEADING CASES:

- Carlill v. Carbolic Smoke Ball Co. (183) 1QB 256
- Bhagwandas v. Girdhari Lal & Co. AIR 1966 SC 543
- Motilal Padampat Sugar Mills v. State of U.P. AIR 1979 SC 621
- Mohori Bibi v. Dharmodas Ghose, (1903) 30 I.A. 114
- Satyabrata Ghose v. Mugneeram Bangur & Co. and Another AIR 1954 SC 310

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Anson, Law of Contract, Oxford University Press, New York, 2016
- Atiyah P.S.: An Introduction to the Law of Contract
- Avtar Singh, Law of Contract, 12th ed., Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, 2019 (Reprint)
- Avtar Singh: Law of Contract, (English & Hindi)
- Jill Poole, Textbook on Contract Law, Oxford University Press, New York, 14th ed. 2019
- Mulla, Indian Contract Act, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi, 15th Ed 2015
- Neil Andrews, Contract Law, Cambridge University Press, 2011
- P.R. Desai: Principles of Law of Contract.
- Pollock & Mulla: Indian contract and Specific Relief Act.
- V.G. Ramchandra: The Law of Contract in India

PAPER 1.6.

SPECIAL CONTRACTS
[SALE OF GOODS ACT, 1930,
INDIAN PARTNERSHIP ACT, 1932, LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP ACT, 2008]

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The syllabus includes latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

Essentially all the commercial transactions are regulated by the law of contract. The expansion of commercial activities at a global market environment makes the understanding of the law of contract even more critical.

This course follows the pattern about the general principles that apply to all contracts. They deal with general principles that apply to each specific contractual relationship. The study of this course will enable a good understanding of the purposes with which each of these transactions is made, the features of each of these transactions, and the rights and liabilities of the parties to them.

UNIT-I

Contract of Indemnity and Guarantee:

Meaning, Distinction between Indemnity and Guarantee and Kind of Guarantee; Rights of Indemnity Holder; Rights of the Surety, Extent of the Liability of the Surety; Discharge of liability of the Surety;

Contract of Bailment and Pledge:

Meaning and Kinds of Contracts of Bailment – Bailment without Consideration; Rights and Duties of Bailee and Bailor; Termination of Contract of Bailment; Contract of Pledge – Meaning and Definition, Pledge by Unauthorized Persons;

UNIT-II

Contract of Agency:

Definition, Kinds and Modes of Creation of Agency; Relation between – i) The Principal and Agent ii) The Principal and Third Party, and iii) The Agent and the Third Party
Determination of Agent's authority – i) By Act of Parties; and ii) By Operation of Law – Irrevocable Authority;

UNIT-III

Contract of Sale of Goods:


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Sale: Meaning, Definition and Distinguish between Agreement to Sell, Hire-Purchase Agreement; Goods: Existing, Future and Contingent; Conditions and Warranties; Passing of Property from Seller to Buyer; Sale by Unauthorized Person; Law relating to Performance of Sale; Rights of Unpaid Seller;

UNIT-IV

Contract of Partnership:

Meaning, Definition, Creation and the Characteristics of Contract of Partnership; Kinds of Partner and Partnership; Distinction between: i) Co-ownership and Partnership ii) Joint Hindu Family Firm and Partnership; iii) Company and Partnership iv) Limited Liability Partnership and Partnership;

Position of Minor; Relations inter-se of partners and relation of Partners with third parties; Registration of Partnership firm; Effect of Non-Registration of Partnership Firm; Dissolution of Firm;

UNIT-V

Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008:

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Act and Judicial Responses

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Amritlal Goverdhan Lallan v. State Bank of Travancore, AIR (1960) SC 1432
- 2) Hindustan Construction Company Limited v. Union of India 2019 SC
- 3) National Bank of India Ltd. v. Sohan Lal AIR 1965 SCR (3) 293
- 4) Patnaik & Co. v. State of Orissa AIR (1965) SC 1655
- 5) Serious Fraud Investigation Office v. Rahul Modi, 2019 SC 423
- 6) State of Gujarat v. Mamon Mohd. AIR (1967) SC 1885

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- A. Ramaiya's Commentary on the Sale of Goods, K Shanmukham and H K Saharay eds, 5th ed, 2014, Universal Law Publishing.
- Akhilesh Gupta, Law Relating to Special Contracts – Contract of Bailment, Pledge
- Akhileshwar Pathak, Law of Sale of Goods, 2013, Oxford University Press.
- Avtar Singh: Principal of the Law of Sale of Goods (English and Hindi)
- Avtar Singh, Introduction to Law of Partnership (including Limited Liability Partnership) 10th ed., 2011, Eastern Book Company.
- Benjamin's Sale of Goods, Michael Bridgeed, 9th ed, 2016, Sweet and Maxwell.
- D.S. Chopra, A Commentary on Sale of Goods, Partnership and Negotiable Instruments, 2016, Thomson Reuters.
- Mulla's The Sale of Goods Act and the Indian Partnership Act, K Kannan ed., 10th Ed., 2012, LexisNexis.
- P S Ramanatha Aiyar, Law of Sale of Goods, Shrinivas Gupta ed., 10th ed, 2016, Universal Law Publishing.

- PollockandMulla'sThe IndianPartnershipAct, G.C.Bharukaed.,7thed, 2007
- Pollock and Mulla's The Sale of Goods Act, Akshay Sapre ed., 9th ed, 2014, Lexis Nexis.

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PAPER1.7.

LEGAL LANGUAGE, LEGAL WRITING AND GENERAL ENGLISH

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The syllabus includes latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

This course is designed to scientifically relate the Law and English Language as the means and methods for development of effective reading, writing, communication and presentation skills. The objective of this course is to introduce students to the nuances of legal language and writing, and its use and application through the study of judicial opinions, common legal maxims and legal terminology. It also seeks to familiarize students with the principles governing legal drafting, and equip them with the ability to draft simple legal documents and with academic legal writing assuming increasing significance in this day and age, both for students and practitioners, emphasis has also been placed on developing and honing students' research and writing skills through the study of the works of eminent jurists, as also practical writing exercises.

UNIT-I

Legal Language:

Introduction to Language and Communication; Use of Legal Phrases and Terms List of Legal Terms; Latin Maxims; Pair of words; One-word substitution;

UNIT-II

Reading and Comprehension Skills:

Comprehension of Legal Texts; Prescribed Leading Cases; Newspaper Reading;

UNIT-III

Legal Writing:

Fundamental Principles of Legal Writing; General Guidelines Relating to Legal Writing; How to write a case comment; Precise Writing; Brief Writing and Drafting of reports; letters and applications; Essay writing and topics of legal interest; Translation (from English to Hindi and Hindi to English); Resume; Writing for Employment-Designing Cover letters; Difference between Bio-Data, Resume and Curriculum-Vitae;

UNIT-IV

Communication & Presentation Skills:

Importance of communication skills for a legal professional; Verbal, Non-verbal and Paralinguistic Communication; Brevity, Clarity, Simplicity, Accuracy and Appropriateness;

Barriers to good communication and how to avoid them; Etiquettes and Manners for Law Professionals; Body Language; Group Discussion; How to Face an Interview; Presentation techniques;

UNIT-V

Academic Legal Writing:

Sources of Legal Material, Literature review, Writing an Abstract, Formulating Research Question, Methodology, Formal Writing Style, Plagiarism, Citation Methods (Footnotes), Examination Strategies, Written communication including emails and formal letters;

PRESCRIBED LIST OF LEGAL TERMS:

Abet	Compromise	Good Faith	Mortgage
Abate	Consent	Guardian	Murder
Abstain	Conspiracy	<i>Habeas Corpus</i>	Negligence
Accomplice	Contempt	Hearsay	Negotiable
Act of God	Contingent	Homicide	Instruments
Actionable	Contraband	Inheritance	Neutrality
Accuse	Conviction	Illegal	Non-feasance
Adjournment	Convention	Indemnity	Notification
Adjudication	Corporate	Inheritance	Novation
Admission	Custody	<i>In limine</i>	Nuisance
Affidavit	Damages	Insanity	Oath Obscene
Amendment	Decree	Institute	Offender
Appeal	Defamation	Insurance	Order
Acquittal	Defense	Intestate	Ordinance
Articles	Deposit	Issue Judicial	Overrule
Assent	Detention	Jurisdiction	Partition
Attested	Discretion	Justice	Perjury
Attornment	Distress	Judgment	Petition
Averment	Earnest Money	Justiciable	Plaintiff
Bail Bailment	Enact	Legislation	Pledge
Blockade	Enforceable	Legitimacy	Preamble
Bonafide	Equality	Liabile	Pre-emption
By-laws	Escheat	Liberty	Prescription
Charge	Estoppel	License Lieu	Presumption
Chattels	Eviction	Liquidation	Privilege
Citation	Executive	Maintenance	Privity
Clause	Ex-parte	Malafide	Process
Coercion	Finding	Malfeasance	Promissory Note
Code	Floating charge	Minor	Proof
Cognizable	Franchise Fraud	Misfeasance	Proposal
Confession	Frustration		Prosecution

Procedural	Rule/Ruling	Testator	Usage
Proviso	Schedule	Testatrix	Verdict
Ratify	Section	Title	Vested
Receiver	Settlement	Tort	Violate
Redemption	Sovereignty	TradeMark	Vis-major
Reference	StampDuty	Treason	Void
Regulation	Status quo	Treaty	Voidable
Remand	Statute	Trespass	Waiver
Remedy	Succession	Trial	Warrant
Repeal	Summons	Tribunal	Warranty
ResJudicata	Surety	Trust	Will
Respondent	Tenant	Ultra vires	Writ
Restitution		Undue influence	Wrong

PRESCRIBED LIST OF LATIN MAXIMS:

1. A mensa et thoro (from table and bed)
2. Ab initio (from the beginning)
3. Acti personalis moritur cum persona (Personal right of action dies with the person)
4. Actus curiae neminem gravabit (an act of the Court shall prejudice no one)
5. Actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea (the act itself does not constitute guilt unless done with a guilty intent).
6. Actus reus (wrongful act)
7. Ad interim (in the meantime)
8. Ad litem (for the suit)
9. Ad valorem (according to the value)
10. Adjournment sine die (adjournment without a day for a further meeting or hearing)
11. Alibi (plea of being elsewhere)
12. Allegans Contraria Non Est Audiendus (One making contradictory statements is not to be heard)
13. Amicus curiae (friend of the Court)
14. Animus (intention)
15. Audi alteram partem (hear the other side)
16. Bonus iudex secundum aequum et bonum iudicat et aequitatem stricto iuri praefert (A good judge decides according to justice and right and prefers equity to strict law.)
17. Caveat emptor (buyer beware)
18. Consensus ad idem (agreement by the persons upon the same thing in the same sense)
19. Corpus delicti (Body of the crime)
20. Corpus juris civilis (Body of civil law)
21. Dammum sine injuria (damage without injury)
22. De facto (in fact)
23. De jure (in law)
24. Decree nisi (a decree which takes effect after a specified period)
25. Delegates non potest delegare (a delegated power cannot be further delegated)
26. De minimis non curat lex (the law does not account of the trifles)
27. Denatio martis cause (gift by a person on the death-bed)
28. Doli incapax (incapable in malice)
29. Ei incumbit probatio qui dicit, non qui negat (The burden of proof is on

- the one who declares, not one who denies)
30. Eiusdem generis (of the same category)
 31. Eminent domain (the supreme rights)
 32. Ex officio (from the office)
 33. Ex specialis derogat legi generali (Specific law takes away from the general law)
 34. Ex turpi causa non oritur actio (No action arises on an immoral contract.)
 35. Ex parte (not in the presence of the opposite party)
 36. Ex post facto (by subsequent act)
 37. Factum valet (the fact which cannot be altered)
 38. Fait accompli (an accomplished fact)
 39. Fortior est custodia legis quam hominis (The custody of the law is stronger than that of man)
 40. Fraus et jus nunquam cohabitant (Fraud and justice never dwell together.)
 41. Ignorantia legis neminem excusat (ignorance of law is no excuse)
 42. In pari materia (in an analogous case, cause or position)
 43. Injuria sine damno (injury without damage)
 44. Interest re publice ut sit finis litium (it is in the interest of the republic that there should be an end of law suit)
 45. Interpretare et concordare leges legibus est optimus interpretandi modus (To interpret and harmonize laws is the best method of interpretation.)
 46. Intra vires (within the powers)
 47. Iudex non potest esse testis in propria causa - A judge cannot be witness in his own cause.
 48. Just tertii (the right of a third party)
 49. Justitia nemini neganda est (Justice is to be denied to no one)
 50. Lex citius tolerare vult privatum damnum quam publicum malum (The law would rather tolerate a private injury than a public evil.)
 51. Lis pendens (pending suit)
 52. Mens rea (guilty mind)
 53. Mesne profits (the profits received by a person on wrongful possession)
 54. Mors dicitur ultimum supplicium (Death is called the extreme penalty.)
 55. Nemo dat quod non habet (no man can transfer better title than he himself has)
 56. Nemo Debet Bis Vexari Pro Una Et Eadem Causa (no man can be twice vexed for the same cause)
 57. Nemo iudex in causa sua (no one shall be a judge in his own case)
 58. Nemo punitur pro alieno delicto - No one is punished for the crime of another.
 59. Obiter dicta (an opinion of law not necessary to the decision)
 60. Onus probandi (the burden of proof)
 61. Pacta sunt servanda (pacts must be respected)
 62. Pendente lite (during litigation)
 63. Per capita (counting heads)
 64. Per incuriam (through inadvertence or carelessness)
 65. Post mortem - After death
 66. Prima facie - On the face of it
 67. Pro bono publico (for the public good)
 68. Pro rata - In proportion.
 69. Quoties in verbis nulla est ambiguitas, ibi nulla expositio contra verba expressa fienda est - When there is no ambiguity in words, then no exposition contrary to the expressed words is to be made.
 70. Ratio decidendi - Reason for the decision

71. Ratio est legis anima, mutata legis ratione mutatur et lex - Reason is the soul of the law; when the reason of the law changes the law also is changed.
72. Res gestae (connected facts forming the part of the same transaction)
73. Res ipsa loquitur (the thing speaks for itself)
74. Res judicata (a matter already adjudicated upon)
75. Res nullius (an ownerless thing)
76. Respondeat superior -let the master answer
77. Rule nisi (a rule or order upon condition that is to become absolute case is shown to the contrary)
78. Status quo (existing position)
79. Subjudice (in course of adjudication)
80. Sui juris (of one's own right).
81. Suo motu (of one's own accord)
82. Ubi jus ibi remedium (where there is a right, there is a remedy)
83. Ultravires (beyond the powers of)
84. Vigilantibus non dormientibus aequitas subvenit -Equity aids the vigilant, not the sleeping
85. Volenti non fit Injuria (Risk taken voluntarily is not actionable)

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SUGGESTED READINGS:

- B.M.Gandhi,LegalLanguage,LegalWritingandGeneralEnglish,EasternBook Company, 2010.
- Blacks'LawDictionary,UniversalPublishingLtd.,2000.
- Broom's LegalMaxims.11thed.NewDelhi:UniversalPublishingLtd.,2011.
- Dr.A.Prasad,OutlinesofLegalLanguageinIndia,Central LawPublications,6thed., 2011
- Dr. S.C. Tripathi, Legal language, Legal Writing and General English, Central LawPublications, 6th ed.,
- GlanvilleWilliams:Learningthe Law
- MoghaG.C.Mogha'sLawofPleadingsinIndiawithPrecedents.17thed. Lucknow: Eastern Book Company, 2006 (2009).
- P. Ramanatha Aiyar's TheLawLexicon, Dr. Shakil Ahmad Khan,LexisNexis, 3rded., 2012
- PaulRylance:LegalWritingand Drafting
- S.P.Aggarwal,DraftingandConveyancing(StudentSeries),LexisNexis,5thed., 2013.
- WrenandMartin:EnglishGrammarandComposition

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PAPER1.8.

LEGALANDCONSTITUTIONALHISTORYOFINDIA

SCHEMEOF PAPER:

MAX.MARKS:100

MIN.PASSMARKS:36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The syllabus includes latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVESOF THE COURSE:

The roots of the present lies buried in the past. The objective of the course is to familiarize the students with the origin of common law system in India. This course traces the legislative history back to 1600 and its evolution through different periods under different Governor Generals. The main objective is to enlighten the students about the historical background of legislations in civil, criminal and constitutional Law and relate it to contemporary period. It also focuses the court system during colonial period and the cases heard by it. The learning of the Court system and how it has been revamped in different times to the needs of the society will help the students to find out its importance in present day judicial system.

UNIT-I

Early Administration of Justice in Presidency Towns:

European Settlement in India; The East India Company: Development of authority; Organisational setup of the English Company's Factories or settlements in India; Madras Settlement and Administration of Justice; Administration of Justice in Bombay; Administration of Justice in Calcutta

Mayor's Courts and the Courts of Requests:

Early Mayor's Court in Madras; Provisions of the Charter of 1726; Consequences of the Charter of 1726; Critical estimate of the working of the Mayor's Court from 1726 to 1753; The Charter of 1753: Reforms introduced; Criticism of the Charter; Abolition of the Mayor's Court; Appraisal of the Mayor's Court under the Charter of 1726 and 1753; The Courts of Request (Small Cause Courts);

UNIT-II

Adalat System in Mofussil Area:

Courts in Bengal under the Mughals; Dual Government in Bengal and its consequences; The Company as Diwan; Warren Hasting's Plan of 1772; Defect of the Plan; New Plan of 1774; Reorganisation of Adalats in 1780; Defects of the reorganization Plan; Reforms of 1781: Initiative of Impey and Warren Hastings; Reforms in the Administration of Criminal Justice The

Regulating Act of 1773:

Circumstances prior to the Act of 1773; Salient features of the Regulating Act, 1773; Legislative power under the Act, 1773; Charter of 1774 and the Supreme Court of Calcutta; Critical estimate of the Provisions of the Regulating Act, 1773 and the Charter of 1774; Trial of Raja Nand Kumar (1775);—Kamaluddin Case (1775);—Patna Case (1777-

1779); —Cossijurah Case (1779-1780); Salient features of the Settlement Act, 1781; Major defects of the Settlement Act, 1781; Supreme Court at Calcutta; Supreme Court at Madras and Bombay; Laws administered in the Supreme Court

UNIT-III

Judicial Measures of Cornwallis:

Company's Government before Cornwallis; Important provisions of the Pitt's Act, 1784; Judicial reform of Cornwallis; a) Judicial Plan of 1787 b) Re-organisation of the Criminal Judicature c) Scheme of Criminal Judicature, 1790; Judicial Plan of 1793; Appraisal of the System of 1793.

Establishment of High Courts:

The Indian High Courts Act, 1861; Letters patent establishing High Courts; The Indian High Courts Act, 1865 and of 1911; The Government of India Act, 1915; The Government of India Act, 1935; High Courts established during 1947 to 1950.

UNIT-IV

Privy Council-Highest Court of Appeal:

The Origin of Privy Council; Appeal to the Privy Council (1726-1860); Appeal to the Privy Council (1861-1949); Precedential value of the Privy Council decisions;

Federal Court of India:

Foundation of the Federal Court; Jurisdiction of the Federal Court- a) Original Jurisdiction b) Appellate Jurisdiction c) Advisory Jurisdiction
Authority of law laid down by Federal Court; Abolition of Federal Court.

UNIT-V

Evolution of Law through Legislation and Judicial Decisions in Colonial Period:

Process of Codification in India- (a) The Charter Act of 1833, (b) The First Law Commission, (c) The Second Law Commission, (d) The Third Law Commission, and (e) The Fourth Law Commission Constitutional

History:

Morley-Minto Reforms and the Indian Council Act, 1909; Montagu-Chelmsford Report and the Government of India Act, 1919; a) Main features of the system introduced by the Act of 1919 b) Shortcomings of the Act of 1919
The Simon Commission Report; The Nehru Report, 1928; Communal Award and Poona Pact
The Civil Disobedience Movement; The Government of India Act, 1935- Main features, opposition to the Act; defects of the Act.

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Bhagwandeon Doobeyv. Myna Bae, (1866-1867) 11 MIA 487
- 2) Gokul Chandv. Hukum Chand Nath Mal, (1920-1921) 48 IA 162
- 3) Gopeekrist Gosainv. Gungapersaud Gosain, (1854-1857) 6 MIA 53
- 4) Manzur Hasanv. Muhammad Zaman, (1924-1925) 52 IA 61
- 5) Miter Sen Singhv. Maqbul Hasan Khan, (1929-1930) 57 IA 313
- 6) Nawab Khwaja Muhammad Khanv. Nawab Husaini Begam, (1909-1910) 37 IA 152

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Debates of Constitutional Assembly.
- Gandhi, B. M.: V. D. Kulshreshta's Landmarks in Indian Legal and Constitutional History; Eastern Book Company, 1989
- Granville Austin, The Indian Constitution-Cornerstone of a Nation, 5 Edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, (2002).
- Ilbert, Courtney Sr. The Government of India, 2nd ed. London: Oxford University Press, 1907.
- Jain, M.P., Outlines of Indian Legal History, Lexis Nexis (2014).
- Jois, Rama M., Legal and Constitutional History of India, Universal Law Publications Ltd.
- Keith A. B. A Constitutional History of India, 1600-1935, 2nd ed. Allahabad: Central Depot, 1961.
- Pylee, M.V. Constitutional History of India (1600-1950). Bombay: Asia 1967.
- Rama Jois, Legal and Constitutional History of India, Universal Law Publishing, (2016)
- S.B. Shiva Rao, The Framing of the Indian Constitution, Vols. I and V, the Indian Institute
- Speeches and Documents on the Indian Constitution 1945-1947 (2 Vols.) London OUP, 1957.

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PRACTICAL PAPER

PAPER 1.9.(a)

PUBLIC INTEREST LAWYERING LEGAL AID, PARA-LEGAL SERVICES AND MOOT COURT

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

This paper shall consist of following two parts:

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------|
| (a) Practical written paper | — | 80 marks |
| (b) Viva voce examination | — | 20 marks |

The candidate must pass in part (a) and (b) separately. For passing, he shall be required to obtain 36 percent marks in each part, i.e. 29 marks out of 80 and 7 marks out of 20 marks.

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The syllabus includes latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The object of the course is to familiarize the students with an exposure to the socio-legal aspects and sensitize them to the problems of the downtrodden and weaker sections of the society, and to inculcate social responsibilities in the students. This course will also have a purpose to discuss the different standings on which PIL's are admitted and will be able to explain the differences between the adversarial and inquisitorial procedures and to critically analyze the objects of Legal Services Authorities Act and the provisions of the Act, which seek to realize these objects and finally to make the student serve the society with their legal knowledge.

(a) Practical Written Paper:

- (1) Meaning, nature, scope and object of Public Interest Litigation (PIL); PIL against the State and other Public bodies; Difference between Public Interest Litigation and Private Interest Litigation; Judicial Responses—Meaning of Social Action Litigation, Concept of Locus Standi.

Liberalisation of *Locus Standi*, *Suo Motu* intervention by the court; Epistolary jurisdiction, creeping jurisdiction; Adversarial and inquisitorial procedures; Research in support of Public Interest Litigation.

- (2) Legal Aid under the:

(i) Constitution; (ii) Code of Criminal Procedure; and (iii) Code of Civil Procedure.

The Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987: Legal Aid and Law Schools; Legal Aid and Voluntary Organizations legal Aid and Legal Profession; District Legal Aid Committee.

- (3) Lok Adalats — Their jurisdiction, working and Powers under the Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987.

- (4) Writing of Public Interest Litigation.

Writing of applications for Legal Aid. The students shall take part in extension programmes

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like Lok Adalats, Legal Aid Camps, Legal Literacy Camps, etc., under the guidance of the Course Teacher. Each student shall maintain a diary containing the details of his/her participation in the extension programmes.

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Bandhua Mukti Morcha v. Union of India, (1984) 3 SCC 161.
- 2) Olga Tellis v. Bombay Municipal Corporation, (1985) 3 SCC 545.
- 3) Sheela Barse v. State of Maharashtra, AIR 1988 SC 378.
- 4) Sukhdas v. Union Territory of Arunachal Pradesh, AIR 1986 SC 928.
- 5) Vishakh v. State of Rajasthan AIR 1997 SC 3011.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Agarwala, S.K. Public Interest Litigation in India, Bombay: N.M. Tripathi, 2000.
- Kailash Rai—PIL, Legal Aid & Para Legal Services (English & Hindi)
- L.M. Singhvi—Law and Poverty—Cases and Material.
- Law Relating to Public Interest Litigation, R. Chakraborty (Laymanns), 2015
- Menon, N.R. Madhava, Clinical Legal Education.
- Public Interest Litigation (with Model PIL Formats), Dr. B.L. Wadhwa, 2014
- Public Interest Litigation (PIL) & How to file PIL, C.A. Virendra Pamecha, 2014
- R.N. Bajpayee—Legal Aid and the Bar Council.
- R.N. Bhagwati—Legal Aid as a Human Right

PAPER 1.9.(b)

VIVA—VOCE EXAMINATION

20 Marks

Candidate shall maintain a Diary on Court visits; Legal Aid and Lok Adalat Proceedings. Moot Court may be conducted under the supervision of the concerned teacher on the prescribed leading cases in LLB-first year papers. The teacher(s) shall conduct at least two Moot Courts during the session and it will be compulsory for the candidate to participate in at least half of the Moot Courts conducted by the college in the session. The concerned teacher may also conduct Moot Court on the decided cases other than the prescribed leading cases. The Viva-voce examination shall be conducted by a Committee of three persons. In this Committee, there shall be two internal examiners and one External examiner. The Committee shall award marks on the basis of Court diary and performance at the Moot Court and viva-voce examination. In case of discrepancy in the awards, the awards given by external examiner shall be final.

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SECOND YEAR
SESSION 2021-22

PAPER2.1.

JURISPRUDENCE

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

Jurisprudence in its etymological sense means the science of law. It is the foundation on which the entire edifice of law is structured. It is therefore imperative to have a clear understanding of jurisprudence as it is sine-qua-non for the study of any law subject. The subject acquaints the students with the complexities of laws and introduces them to the means of solving them based on sound jurisprudential principles. In spite of there being several schools of thought on this subject, there is a general convergence of the fundamental principles. The study of this subject will help the students in the analysis of legal concepts, sharpen his technique of logical thinking and ultimately aid in understanding the assumptions upon which a statute rests.

UNIT-I

Introduction:

Definition, Nature, Scope and Importance: Salmond, Austin, Holland and Julius Stone
Sources of Law: Legal and Historical Sources: Legislation: Definition, Classification and Principles of Statutory Interpretation, Codification: Advantages and Disadvantages of Codification: Precedent: Definition, Theories and Kinds of Precedent: Stare Decisis; Ratio Decidendi and Obiter Dicta; Custom: Definition and Kinds of Custom, Requisites of a Valid Custom, Custom and Prescription: Relative Merits and Demerits of Legislation, Judicial Precedent and Custom as a Source of Law;

UNIT-II

Schools of Jurisprudence:

Analytical Positivism: John Austin, Hans Kelsen and H.L.A. Hart; Historical: Von Savigny and Henry Maine; Sociological: Ihering, Ehrlich, Roscoe Pound; Natural Law School: Relation between Law and Morality; American Realism: Justice Holmes and Oliver Crona; Feminism: Radical Feminism; Desire Dominance Theory; Cultural Feminism;

UNIT-III

Rights and Duties:

Nature & Characteristics: Theories of Rights: Kinds of Legal Rights: Wesley Newcomb Hohfeld's Analysis of Legal Rights: Cognate Concepts like Liberty, Power, Immunity,

Privilege etc. Duties, Nature & Characteristics; Classification of Duties: Correlation of Rights and Duties; Concept of Property; Definition and Kinds; Negligence; Civil and Criminal Liability;

UNIT-IV

Ownership and Possession:

Meaning of Ownership; Kinds, Definition of Ownership by Austin and Salmond, Relation between Ownership and Possession; Importance of Possession; Elements of Corporeal Possession and Problems; Acquisition and Theories of Possession: Possession in Law & Possession in Fact; Salmond and Savigny;

UNIT-V

Concept of Person:

Person: Definition and Nature of Personality: Legal Status of Unborn Children, Minor, Lunatic, Drunken and Dead Persons, Legal Status of Animals: Legal Persons: State and Corporate Personality; Theories of Corporate Personality; Obligation and Liability: Definition and Nature of Obligation and Liability: Sources of Obligation and Liability; Kinds and Theories of Liability: General Conditions of Liability; Theories of Punishment: Retributive, Deterrent, Expiatory, Reformatory, Rehabilitative Theory; Constitutionality of Capital Punishment;

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Bengal Immunity Co. v. State of Bihar, AIR 1955 SC 561
- 2) Kesavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala, AIR 1973 SC 1476
- 3) Maharaja Shree Umaid Mills Ltd. v. Union of India, AIR 1963 SC 953
- 4) Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India, AIR 1978 SC 597
- 5) Minerva Mills v. Union of India, AIR 1978 SC 1789
- 6) Smt. Indira Nehru Gandhi v. Raj Narain, AIR 1975 SC 2299
- 7) Navtej Singh Johar & Ors. v. Union of India AIR 2018 SC 1933
- 8) Naz Foundation v. Government of N.C.T. of Delhi 111 DRJ1/160 Delhi Law Times 277 (2009) Delhi High Court

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Anirudha Prasad Vidhi Shastra Ke Mool Siddhant: Principles of Jurisprudence (Hindi) Eastern Book Company, 2019
- B.N. Mani Tripathi, Jurisprudence (Hindi) 15th Ed., Central Law Publication, 2015
- Bodenheimer Jurisprudence; The Philosophy and Method of Law, Harvard University Press, 2020
- Dias, Jurisprudence, 5th ed., Lexis Nexis Publication, 2013
- H.L.A. Hart, The Concept of Law, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1970.
- Inderjeet Singh Jurisprudence An Introduction (Hindi) 3rd Ed., Central Law Publication, 2017

- MichaelFreeman(Ed).Lloyd 'sIntroductiontoJurisprudence(1994),Sweet&Max well
- PatonG.W.,Jurisprudence(1972)Oxford, Clarendon Press.
- P.S.AtchuthenPillai,Jurisprudence&LegalTheory2016Reprint(3rd Edition), Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
- RoscoePound, Introduction to the Philosophy of Law, Re-Print, Universal, Delhi, 1998
- N.V.Paranjape,Jurisprudence&LegalTheory(Hindi),CentralLaw Agency, 2017
- SalmondonJurisprudence,Tripathi,Bombay,1999
- V.D.Mahajan,JurisprudenceandLegalTheory,EasternBookCompany, 2018
- W.Friedman, LegalTheory,UniversalLawPublishingCo.,Delhi,1999

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PAPER2.2.

LAW OF CRIMES INDIAN PENAL CODE,1860

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS:100

MIN. PASS MARKS:36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The primary objective of criminal law is to maintain law and order in the society and to protect the life and liberty of people. It is for this reason that the people place their ultimate reliance on this branch of law for protection against all injuries that human conduct can inflict on individuals and institutions. Due to these reasons, the penal law cannot afford to be weak, ambiguous or ineffective, nor can it be harsh and arbitrary in its impact. The application of criminal law has to be uniform regardless of any discrimination on grounds of class, caste, religion, sex or creed etc. of either the criminal or the victim. This paper has been so designed as to generate critical thinking among the students about the stated objectives of criminal law and enable them to scrutinize the recent developments and changes that have taken place in the field including the major amendments made to the Code in the years 2013 and 2018.

UNIT-I

Nature and Definition of Crime, Crime and Offence, Crime and Tort, Criminal Law and Criminal Science, Principle of Criminal Liability: *Actus Non Facit Reum Nisi Mens Sit Rea*, Burden of Proof on Prosecution, Presumption of Innocence of the Accused, Interpretation of Penal Statutes, Theories of Punishment: Retributive, Expiatory, Deterrent, Preventive and Reformative, Protection in Respect of Conviction for offences (Article 20, Constitution of India), Protection Against Arrest and Detention in certain cases (Article 22, Constitution of India) Title and Extent of Operation of the Indian Penal Code (Section 1), Territorial Jurisdiction (Sections 2,3,4), Certain Laws Not To Be Affected by the Indian Penal Code (Section 5), General Explanations (Section 6 to 52-A Except Sections 34 to 38), Punishments (Section 53,54,55,55-A,57,60,63 to 75)

Stages of Crime: Mental, Preparation, Attempt and Completion; Inchoate Crimes; Mental Stage Generally Not Punishable, Preparation Generally Not Punishable, But When Is It Punishable? Attempt: Impossible and Possible (Mainly Sections 511,307,309); Impossible Attempt to Body Offence Generally Punishable but of Property Generally Not Punishable, Possible Attempts

Abetment and Abettor (Mainly Sections 107, 108,108-A,111,113, 305,306, 109 and 114)

Miscellaneous (Sections 121,121-A,124-A,191,192,195-A,201,228-A,229-A,230 to 232, 268, 294-A and 295-A);

UNIT-II

General Exceptions (Sections 76 to 106), Joint, Constructive and Vicarious Liability (Mainly Sections 34 to 38, 141 to 149, 153-A, 153-B, 159 and 160), Criminal Conspiracy (Sections 120-A, 120-B);

UNIT-III

Offences Affecting Human Body (Sections 299 to 377);

UNIT-IV

Offences against Property (Sections 378 to 462);

UNIT-V

Offences Relating To Documents (Mainly Sections 463 to 471); Offences Relating To Marriage (Sections 493 to 498); Cruelty by Husband or Relative of Husband (Section 498-A); Defamation (Sections 499, 500); Criminal Intimidation, Insult and Annoyance (Sections 503 to 510);

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Reg.v.Govinda(1876)1Bom.342.
- 2) VirsaSinghv. Stateof PunjabAIR 1958SC 465.
- 3) K.M.Nanavati v.StateMaharashtraAIR 1962SC 605.
- 4) BachanSinghv.Stateof PunjabAIR1980SC 898.
- 5) State(N.C.T.ofDelhi)v.Navjot Sandhu2005Cr.L.J.3950 SC
- 6) IndependentThoughtv. Unionof IndiaAIR2017SC4904.
- 7) MahbubShahv.EmperorAIR1945PC 115.
- 8) I.C.I.C.I.BankLtd.v.PrakashKaurAIR2007SC 1349.
- 9) JosephShinev.UnionofIndia AIR2018SC 4898.
- 10) NavtejSinghJoharv.Unionof IndiaAIR2018SC 4321.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- HariSinghGaur, PenalLawofIndia(4volumes), 11thEdition, Law Publishers India Pvt. Ltd., 2018
- J.W.CecilTurner, Kenny'sOutlinesofCriminalLaw, 19thEd, Cambridge University Press, 1966
- K.D.Gaur, CommentaryonIndianPenalCode3rdEd2019, CentralLaw Publication
- K.D.Gaur, ATextBookonIndianPenalCode(Hindi)1stEd2020Central Law Publication
- K.N.ChndranshekharPillai, Essay'sonIndianPenalCode, IndianLaw Institute. 2015
- PrinciplesofCriminalLawbyRCNigam, LawofCrimesinIndia, Vol.I, Asia Publishing House, New York.1965.

- P.S.A. Pillai's Criminal Law, 13th Ed. Revised by K.I. Vibhute, LexisNexis, New Delhi, 2018
- RatanlalandDhirajlal, TheIndianPenalCode, WadhwaandCompany, Nagpur, 2018
- S.K.Savaria, R.A.Nelson's Indian Penal Code (4 Volumes), LexisNexis Delhi, 2019
- SmithandHogan, Criminal Law, Oxford University Press, 2018
- Stephen, A History of Criminal Law of England, Vol. III (Last Chapter on Indian Penal Code), London, Macmillan, 1883
- T.Bhattacharyya Indian Penal Code, (Hindi) 9th Ed. Central Law Agency, 2020
- T.Bhattacharyya Indian Penal Code, 10th Ed Central Law Agency, 2020

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PAPER2.3.

**TRANSFER OF PROPERTY LAW (ACT OF 1882) AND THE
INDIAN EASEMENTS ACT, 1882**

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The focus of this course is on the study of the concept of 'Property', the 'Nature of Property Rights' and the general principles governing the Transfer of Property. A detailed study of the substantive law relating to particular transfers, such as sale, mortgage, lease, exchange, gift and actionable claims will also be undertaken. The course is designed to enable the students to understand the basic philosophy of property law and its nuances. The course also includes an exposure to the concept of Easements and its practical application.

UNIT-I

Concepts, Meaning and Types of Properties

(Sections 1 to 4 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882): Meaning of Property; Kinds of Property; Role of Property Rights in Social and Economic Development; Doctrine of Notice; Transfer of Property by act of Parties (Sections 5 to 9): Meaning and Definition; Transfer of Property, Properties which may be Transferred; Essentials of a Valid Transfer of Property; Operation and Method of Transfer of Property; Procedural perspective for Transfer of Property; Effect of Non-Payment of Stamp Duty and Non-Registration; Judicial Responses

UNIT-II

General Principles Relating to Transfer of Property (Sections 10 to 37):

Conditions Restraining Alienation, Enjoyment, Defeating Insolvency or Assignability; Transfers to Unborn Persons; Rule Against Perpetuity and Accumulation of Income; Vested and Contingent Interests; Conditions Precedent and Subsequent, Conditional Transfers; Doctrine of Election and Apportionment; Transfer of Immovable Property (Sections 38 to 53A): Doctrine of Holding Out; Feeding the Grant by Estoppel; Doctrine of Priority; Transfer *Lis Pendens*; Fraudulent Transfer; Doctrine of Part- Performance; Judicial Responses

UNIT-III

Sale and Exchange (Sections 54 to 57 and 118 to 121):

Meaning and Definition of Sale and Exchange; Distinction Between Sale and Exchange; Essentials of a Valid Sale, Distinction between Sale and Contract For Sale; Registration and

Effect of Non-Registration; Rights and Liabilities of a Buyer and Seller; Discharge for Encumbrances on Sale; Exchange, Rights and Liabilities of Parties

Mortgages and Charges (Sections 58 to 104): Definition of Mortgage; Types of Mortgages; Essentials of a Valid Mortgage and Formalities; Distinction between Charge, Mortgage, Pledge, Hypothecation; Rights, Duties and Liabilities of a Mortgagor and Mortgagee; Charge of Immovable Property; Marshalling; Mortgagee's and Charge-Holder's Rights and Remedies under the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002

UNIT-IV

Lease(Sections105to 117):

Definition of Lease, Kinds of Leases, Premium and Rent; Essentials of a Valid Lease and Formalities; Rights Duties and Liabilities of the Lessee and Lessor; Term and Determination of Lease; Forfeiture and Relief Against Forfeiture; Leases for Agricultural Purposes;

GiftandTransfersofActionableClaims(Sections122to129and3,130to137):

Definitions of Gift, Essentials of a Valid Gift, Revocation of Gifts; Distinction Between Property and Donatio Mortis Causa and Gifts under Mohammedan Law; Actionable Claims: Definition, Formalities, and Their Importance in Commercial Transactions; Notice; Rights and Liabilities of Transferor and Transferee

UNIT-V

LawofEasements(Sections1to51oftheEasementAct,1882):

Definitions and Types of Easements; Essentials for Creation and Acquisition of Easements, Dominant and Servient Owners and Heritages, Grant, Custom, Necessity, Quasi-necessity, Prescription; Rights, Duties and Liabilities of Dominant and Servant Owners; Remedies for Disturbance of Easements; Extinction of Easements, Suspension and Revival of Easements; Licenses (Sections 52 to 64 of the Easement Act, 1882):Definition of License, Essentials of a License, Kind and Formalities; Transfer of License, Transfer of Grantor's Interest; Death of Licensor or Licensee; Rights, Duties and Liabilities of Licensee, Revocable and Irrevocable License; Rights of Licensee on Revocation and Eviction; Distinction between Lease and License

LEADINGCASES:

- 1) ApolloZipper IndiaLimitedv. W.Newman&CompanyLimited6SCC765 2018
- 2) AssociatedHostelsofIndiaLtd.v.R.N.Kapoor,AIR1959SC1262
- 3) F.M.DevaruGanapathiBhatv.PrabhakarGanapathi Bhat,(2004)2SCC504
- 4) J.N.Raov.V.G.Bassarayappa,AIR1956SC 727.
- 5) M. L.AbdulJabbarv.H.VenkataSastriandSons,AIR1969SC1147
- 6) OmPrakash&Anotherv.MishriLal(Dead)representedbyhisL.R.Savitri Devi AIR 2017 SC1597.
- 7) R.Kemprajv.M/S.BartonSon&Co.AIR1970SC1872,1970SCR(2)140
- 8) RambhauNamdeoGajre v. NarayanBapuji Dhotra2004(8)SCC 614

- 9) Sridhar & Anr. v. N. Revanna & Ors. Civil Appeal No. 1209 of 2020 (arising out of SLP (C) No. 7493 of 2014) SC 2020.
- 10) Suraj Lamp & Industries Pvt. Ltd. v. State of Haryana & Anr. Special Leave Petition (C) No. 13917 of 2009.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Avtar Singh, Textbook on the Transfer of Property Act, Universal Law Publishing, 2016.
- Darashaw Vakil Revised by Dr. HR Jhingta Commentaries on The Transfer of Property Act (Set of 2 Volumes), 5th Ed., Lexis Nexis, 2017.
- Poonam Pradhan Saxena, Property Law, Lexis Nexis, 2017.
- Radha Raman Gupta, Transfer of Property Act & Easement (Hindi) 7th Ed, Central Law Publications, 2019.
- Shrinivas Gupta, A Text Book on Transfer of Property Law, Thomson Reuters, 2016.
- Mulla, The Transfer of Property Act, 13th Ed., Lexis Nexis, 2018.
- Rajni Malhotra Dhingra, Transfer of Property Act, 1882 & Indian Easement Act, 1882, First Ed., Central Law Publications, 2017.
- Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002
- V. P. Sarathi's Law of Transfer of Property - Including Easements, Trusts and Wills, Malika Taly (ed.), Eastern Book Company, 2017.
- G.P. Tripathi, The Transfer of Property Act (Hindi) 23rd Edition Central Law Agency 2017

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PAPER 2.4.

COMPANY LAW AND THE COMPETITION ACT, 2002

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The purpose of this course is to study the fundamental Concepts central to Company Law while giving an overview of the History and Evolution of the Modern day developments in Company law. It is also to study the internal functioning of a company while exploring the basic power structure in a company, the law regulating appointment of directors, the directors' duties, matters governing board meetings, matters governing company meetings, the concept of majority rule and its exceptions, modes of winding up of company and distribution of assets in the event of winding up inter-alia. The course will also examine and compare the application of Competition Law to business agreements, the exercise of dominant position, the combinations between the firms and sellers and the enforcement mechanisms.

UNIT-I

Concept, Nature and Meaning of Company:

Historical Origin of Company Law in India and Important Definitions under the Company Act, 2013; Characteristics of Company: Company as a Legal Person, Limited Liability; Doctrine of Corporate Veil; Difference between Company and other forms of Business Organizations;

Registration and Incorporation of Company: Types of Company; Formation of Company; Certificate of Incorporation; Pre-incorporation Contracts; Commencement of Business; Memorandum of Association (MOA), Alteration of MOA and Doctrine of Ultra-vires; Articles of Association (AOA), Doctrine of Constructive Notice and Indoor Management

UNIT-II

Promoters, Securities (Shares), Debentures:

Promoters: Fiduciary Relationship, Duties and Liabilities; Prospectus and Kinds of Prospectus;

Shares: Meaning, Nature, Kinds; Securities (Shares): Allotment of Securities and Share Holdings; Issue of Shares; Certificate of Shares; Shareholders and Voting Rights; Transfer of Shares; Shareholders and Members; Share Capital and Kinds of Share Capital; Publication of Authorized, Subscribed and Paid Up Capital; Buy Back of shares; Dividends; Debentures- Meaning, Kinds and Characteristics; Appointment, Role

and Qualification of Directors and Meetings of Boards: Role, Appointment and Types of Directors; Board of

Directors; Independent Directors; Legal Position of Directors; Appointment of Directors and Managerial Staff; Powers and Duties of Directors; Civil and Criminal Liability of Directors; Inspection, Inquiry and Disqualification of a Director; Removal of a Director; Types of Meetings;

UNIT-III

Compromise, Reconstruction, Amalgamation and Mergers:

Compromise, Arrangements and Amalgamations; Sanction, Duties and Powers of National Company Law Tribunal; Power to Compromise or Make Arrangements with Creditors and Members; Reconstruction and Amalgamation of Companies; Modes of Reconstruction; Declaration and Payments of Dividends in Above Cases; Fast Track Mergers; Amalgamation of Companies by Central Government in Public Interest; Accounts of Company: Books of Accounts, etc., System of Maintenance of Accounts in Company; Audit and Auditors; Protection of Minority Share Holders; Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement; Removal of Names of Companies from Register of Companies; Revival and Rehabilitation

UNIT-IV

Winding up Process:

Meaning and Kinds of Winding Up; Procedures for Winding Up; Winding Up process by the Tribunal; Consequences of Winding up Order; Company Liquidators and their Appointments; Report of the Liquidator; Custody of Company's Property; Company Dissolution; Voluntary Winding Up; Declaration of Insolvency; Procedure for Voluntary Winding Up;

National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT) and Special Court: Constitution of National Company Law Tribunal; Appellate Tribunal; Selection of Members, Terms of Office, Salary; Removal of Members; Orders of Tribunal; Powers of Tribunal; Appeal from orders of Tribunal; Establishment of Special Courts; Offences-Trial by Special Courts; Mediation and Conciliation Panel; Corporate Social Responsibility

UNIT-V

The Competition Act, 2002:

History and Development of Competition Law; Salient Features of the Competition Act; The Competition Act, 2002 differentiated with the MRTP Act, 1969; Prohibition of Certain Agreements, Abuse of Dominant Position and Regulation of Combinations; Competition Commission of India; Duties, Powers and Functions of the Commission; Duties of Director General; Penalties; Competition Advocacy; Finance, Accounts and Audit; Appellate Tribunal; Miscellaneous; Judicial Responses;

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Foss v. Harbottle (1845) Ch. 319.
- 2) Salomon v. Salomon & Co., Ltd. (1897) A.C. 22 (H.L.) (1895-95) All ER Rep. 33
- 3) Daimler Co., Ltd. v. Continental Tyre and Rubber Co. (Great Britain), Ltd., 1916 AC 307 (1916-17) All ER Rep. 191

- 4) GilfordMotorCo.,Ltd.v. Horne(1933)1Ch. 935
- 5) AshburyRailwayCarriageandIronCo.Ltd.v.Riche(1875)L.R.7H.L.: (1874-80) All ER Rep. 2219 (HL)
- 6) RoyalBritishBankv.Turquand(1856)119ER886(1843-60)AllERRep. 435
- 7) ShantiPrasad Jainv.KalingaTubesLtd., AIR1965SC1535
- 8) SethMohan Lalv.Grain Chambers Ltd.,AIR1968SC772
- 9) HindustanLeverEmployees'Unionv.HindustanLeverLtd.AIR1995SC 470
- 10) MiheerH.Mafatlalv.MafatlalIndustrialLtd.AIR1997SC506

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- A.Ramaiya,GuidetotheCompaniesAct,LexisNexis,Butterworths,Wadhwa, Nagpur, 2020
- Avtar Singh, Introduction to Company Law, 12th Ed Eastern Book Company, 2019.
- AvtarSingh,CompanyLaw,(Hindi)EasternBookCompany,2019.
- C.R. Datta, Datta on the Company Law, LexisNexis, Butterworths, Wadhwa, Nagpur, 2016
- Company Law Ready Reckoner: A Comprehensive Guide to Companies Act, 2013, 8th Edition, by Taxmann Publications.2020
- KapoorG.K.andDhamijaSanjay,Taxmann'sCompanyLaw&Practice, Taxmann, 2017.
- PrachiManekarWazalwar,NationalCompanyLawTribunalandNational Company Law Appellate Tribunal, 6thed., , Bloomsbury India, 2019.
- S.C.TripathiCompetitionLaw,2nd Ed. Centrallaw Publication.2019
- J.N.Pandey,CompanyVidhi, (Hindi)9thEd.CentrallawPublication2019

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PAPER2.5.

PUBLICINTERNATIONALLAWANDHUMAN RIGHTS

SCHEMEOFFAPER:

MAX.MARKS:100

MIN.PASSMARKS:36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVESOF THE COURSE:

This course is designed in such a way that it covers both theoretical and practical aspects of International Law. This course provides an insight into Public International Law and its significance in the economically globalised world. It enables the students to understand the interdependence of the countries and how they are constantly addressing the global issues through peaceful measures. This course would help the students to understand both the theoretical framework and the working of international law. Understanding of these basic principles is a prerequisite for those students who seek to explore their career or academic interest in specific fields of international law. In view of the gaining significance of International Law of Human Rights, this course presents subtly an overview of the National and International perspectives of Human Rights along with the redressal mechanism.

UNIT-I

Definitions; Development and Nature; Public and Private International Law; Legality of International Law: Positive Morality; Basic Theories: Naturalist, Positivist, Grotius and Consent Theory; Sources and Subjects of International Law; Theories: Realistic, Fictional, Functional, Monistic, Dualistic; Specific Adoption Theory; Transformation Theory; Delegation Theory; International Law and Municipal Law; Concept of State; Essential Ingredients and Kinds of States; Territory of State; War, its Legal Character and Effects; The Law of Neutrality: Basis, Role, Rights and Duties of Neutral States;

UNIT-II

State Recognition and Succession: De Facto and De Jure; Theories of Recognition: Recognition of Government, Belligerency and Insurgency; Collective Recognition; State Jurisdiction; Territorial Sovereignty; Responsibility of States: Original and Vicarious; State Responsibility for various Acts; State Succession: Theories of State Succession; Rights and Duties arising out of State Succession; Law of Treaties: Concept and Kinds of Treaties; Binding Force of Treaties; *Pacta Sunt Servanda*; *Jus Cogens*; *Clausula Rebus Sic Stantibus*; Parties of a Treaty; Formation of a Treaty; Reservations; Invalidity and Termination of Treaties; Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties;

UNIT-III

Law of the Sea:

Concepts of *Mare Liberum* and *Mare Clausum*; The *Anglo Norwegian Fisheries Case* and Its After Math; The Technological Revolution and the Utilization of the new resources of thesea; Population Explosion and Its Impact; Changing Concepts of Maritime Frontiers: Territorial Sea, Contiguous Zone, Continental Shelf & Exclusive Economic Zone, High Seas; Territorial Waters and Contiguous Zone; Principles for Determination of Maritime Frontiers And Maritime Boundaries under the Customary and Conventional Law; Exploitation of Deep Sea: Bed Resources: International Sea Bed Authority;

UNIT-IV

Individuals under International Law and International Institutions:

Position of Individuals; Nationality and Citizenship; Diplomatic Agents: Powers and Functions; Theories and Immunities; Asylum; Extradition; Relationship and difference between Extradition and Asylum; International Institutions: United Nations (U.N.): History and Formation of U.N., Charter of U.N.: Preamble, Purpose and Principles; Organs of United Nations: Powers and Functions; Jurisdiction and Contribution towards Development of International Law; Specialized Agencies: International Labour Organization (ILO); International Monetary Fund (IMF); World Health Organization (WHO); International Criminal Court (ICC);

UNIT-V

Human Rights:

Meaning, Concept, Classification, Historical Evolution and Theories; Basic Components of Human Rights: Value, Dignity, Equality, Justice, Morals, Ethics and Significance; International Bill of Human Rights (UDHR, ICCPR, ICESCR): Nature And Significance; Human Rights of Vulnerable and Disadvantaged Groups; Enforcement Mechanism of International Human Rights Commissions: Constitution, Powers and Functions; Human Rights Enforcement in India: The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993; Judicial Responses;

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Civil Air Transport Inc. v. Central Air Transport Corporation, Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, (1953) AC 70.
- 2) Corfu Channel case (French: *Affaire du Déroit de Corfou*) International Court of Justice (ICJ) between 1947 and 1949
- 3) Colombia v. Peru 1950 ICJ 6 (Asylum Case) International Court of Justice.
- 4) North Sea Continental Shelf Case, ICJ Report 1969, P.39
- 5) Nuremberg Trial; The International Military Tribunal – Nuremberg, 1946 41 AJL 1947, P. 12.
- 6) *Re Castioni Case* (1891) Q.B.149
- 7) *S.S. Lotus Case* (1927) PCIJ Series A No.10
- 8) South West Africa Cases, 1949-1971
- 9) *United Kingdom v. Norway (Anglo-Norwegian Fisheries Case)* (ICJ Report) (1951) 116

10) Zamora Case (1916) 2AC 77

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- A. Boyle & C. Chinkin, The Making of International Law, Foundations of Public International Law, Oxford University Press, 2007
- H.O. Agarwal, International Law & Human Rights, 1st Ed. (Rep) Central Law Agency 2014
- James Crawford Brownlie, Principles of International Law, Oxford University Press, 2013.
- Landmark Cases in Public International Law, Editor(s): Eirik Bjorge, Cameron Miles, 1st ed., Bloomsbury Publishers, 2017
- L. F. L. Oppenheim's International Law (9th Edition): Volume 1 Peace; Edited by Robert Jennings, Arthur Watts KCMG QC, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- Mark Villiger, —The Factual Framework: Codification in Past and Present, in Customary International Law and Treaties, Mark Villiger, pp.63-113, The Netherlands: Martinus Nijhoff, 1985
- R. P. Dhokalia, The Codification of Public International Law, United Kingdom: Manchester University Press, 1970
- Shaw, International Law, Cambridge University Press, 2008 (6th ed.)
- Sharma Satyendra Kumar, Law of Sea and Exclusive Economic Zone, Taxmann Publications, 2017
- S.K. Kapoor, International Law & Human Rights 18th Ed., Central Law Agency, 2018
- Starke, Introduction to International Law, Oxford University Press, 2013

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PAPER2.6.

LABOURANDINDUSTRIALLAWS

SCHEMEOF PAPER:

MAX.MARKS:100

MIN.PASSMARKS:36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The twenty-first century witnessed the development of Industrial jurisprudence in the country. This course is an attempt to study the laws relating to labour jurisprudence, industrial relations, social security, wages, health and working conditions of workers in various shops and commercial establishment in the country and to impart the students with an overview of judicial perspective on the recent labour legislations and finally it deals with the latest trend and developments in the Labour Laws with the various Codes on Labour Legislations being implemented in September 2020 has been included in this syllabus to make it more dynamic and worthy.

UNIT-I

Concept and Growth of Labour Welfare Jurisprudence; Natural Justice, Concept of Social Justice and Labour; Constitution of India, 1950 [Articles: 14,19,21,23-24, 38, and 41-43A]; Meaning, Scope, Importance and Theories of Labour Welfare: The Policing Theory, The Religious Theory, The Philanthropic Theory, The Paternalistic or Trusteeship Theory, The Placating Theory, The Public Relations Theory and The Functional Theory; Basic Concepts; Labour and Judicial Process and Public Interest Legislation; Judicial Responses

UNIT-II

Industrial Relations – Genesis, Concept, Emerging Issues and Judicial Responses

The Industrial Relations Code, 2020: Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features for Enactment of the Code and Repeal of Laws and Judicial Responses.

Bi-partite Forums; Trade Unions; Standing Orders; Notice of Change; Voluntary Reference of Disputes to Arbitration; Mechanism for Resolution of Industrial Disputes; Strikes and Lock-Outs; Lay-off, Retrenchment and Closure; Special Provisions Relating to Lay-off, Retrenchment and Closure in certain establishments; Worker Re-Skilling Fund; Offences and Penalties; Miscellaneous

UNIT-III

The Code on Social Security, 2020:

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Code; Social Security Organisations;

Employees' Provident Fund; Employees State Insurance Corporation;

Gratuity; Maternity Benefit; Employee's Compensation; Social Security and Cess in respect of Building and other Construction Workers; Social Security for Unorganised Workers, Gig Workers and Platform Workers; Finance and Accounts; Authorities, Assessment, Compliance and Recovery; Offences and Penalties; Employment Information and Monitoring; Miscellaneous; Judicial Responses; The Employment of Children Act, 1938; The Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and their Rehabilitation Act, 2013; Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of these Acts and Judicial Responses

UNIT-IV

Concept of Wage Policy:

National Wage Policy; Genesis of West Regulations; Concepts of Minimum Fair, Living and Need based Minimum Wages

The Code on Wages, 2019; Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Code and Repeal of Laws; Minimum wages; Payment of Wages; Payment of Bonus; Advisory Board; Payment of Dues, Claims and Audit; Inspector-Cum-Facilitator; Offences and Penalties; Miscellaneous;

Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013; Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Act and Judicial Responses

UNIT-V

Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020:

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Code and Repeal of Laws; Registration; Duties of Employer and Employees, etc.; Occupational Safety and Health; Health, Safety and Working Conditions; Welfare Provisions; Hours of Work and Annual Leave with Wages; Maintenance of Registers, Records and Returns; Inspector-cum-facilitators and other authority; Special provision relating to Employment of Women; Special Provisions for Contract Labour and Inter-State Migrant Worker, etc.:

Contract Labour; Inter-State Migrant Workers; Audio-Visual Workers; Mines; Beedi and Cigar Workers; Building or other construction workers; Factories; Plantation; Offences and Penalties; Social Security Fund; Miscellaneous; Judicial Responses

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Air India v. Nargesh Meerza, AIR 1981 SC 1830.
- 2) Alembic Chemical Works v. Its workman, AIR 1961, SC 647.
- 3) Balmer Lawrie Workers Union Bombay v. Balmer Lawrie & Co. Ltd. 1984 I. L.L. J. 314 SC
- 4) Bandhua Mukti Morcha v. Union of India AIR 1984 SC 802.
- 5) D.S. Nakarav. Union of India A. I.R. 1983 SC 130.
- 6) Express Newspaper Ltd. & others v. Union of India & others. AIR 1958 SC 578.
- 7) Jay Engineering Work Ltd. v. State of West Bengal AIR 1968 Cal. 406.
- 8) Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra Dehradun v. State of U.P. AIR 1985 S.C. 652.

- 9) Workmen of M/S Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. Of India v. Management AIR, 1973 SC 1227
- 10) Bangalore Water-Supply & Sewerage Board, Etc. v. R. Rajappa & Others 1978 SCR(3) 207

SUGGESTED READINGS: (Subject To The Applicability of Latest Amendments):

- Ganga Sahay Sharma, —Labour Laws (Hindi), 7th Ed., Central Law Agency, 2019
- Government of India: Report of the Committee on Labour Welfare, 1970.
- Indrajeet Singh, Shramik Vidhiyan, (Hindi) 23rd Ed. Central Law Publication, 2019
- Public Interest Litigation (with Model PIL Formats), Dr. B.L. Wadhwa, Universal Law Publishing 2014
- D.D. Seth, Commentaries on Industrial Dispute Act, 1947, Jain Book Agency, 6th Ed., 2016
- J.K. Soonavala, Supreme Court on Industrial Law, LexisNexis, 4th Ed., 2017
- Meenu Paul, Labour and Industrial Law, Allahabad Law Agency, New Delhi, 9th Ed., 2014
- O.P. Malhotra, Law of Industrial Disputes, 7th Ed., LexisNexis, 2015
- S.C. Srivastava, Social Security and Labour Laws, 1985, EBC
- S.N. Mishra; An Introduction of Labour and Industrial Law, 29th Edition Central Law Publication, 2019
- S.N. Mishra; An Introduction of Labour and Industrial Law (Hindi), 29th Edition Central Law Publication, 2019.

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PAPER 2.7.

PRINCIPLES OF TAXATION LAW

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

This course primarily focuses on providing an overview on matters relating to Indian tax laws in a systematic manner. The course being divided into two parts i.e., direct and indirect taxes, help the students understand the significant aspects of tax laws. The main aim of this course is to impart knowledge to the students about basic principles as enunciated through legislative provisions and case laws. Through this course, students are equipped to apply the principles and provisions of tax laws and are guided to interpret and understand the taxation statutes and judgments including but not limited to The Income Tax Act, 1961, The Central Goods And Services Tax Act, 2017 and The Integrated Goods And Service Tax Act, 2017 as amended from time to time.

UNIT-I

Income Tax Act, 1961- I:

Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Act; Importance and Significance of Taxation; Constitutional Provisions Relating to Taxation (265-289); Types of Tax Laws: Direct and Indirect Taxes; Residential Status of Persons; Heads of Income and Computation of Income: Income from Salaries; House Property: Self Occupied, Deductions and Computation of Income; Income from Let Out Exemption of property income from tax; Capital Gains; Profits and gains of Business or Profession; Income from other Sources Clubbing of Income; Set off and carry forward of losses; Rebates and Reliefs; Taxation of Natural and Legal Persons: An Overview: Individuals, Hindu Undivided Family, Companies and Firms, Association of Persons, Trust and Cooperative Societies, Charitable and Religious Institutions

UNIT-II

Income Tax Act, 1961- II:

Assessment and Appeal Procedures:

Return of Income; Types of Assessment; Appellate Procedures; Authorities Under The Income Tax Act: Director General of Income Tax, Director of Income Tax-Additional Directors, Joint Director, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors, Income Tax Officers, Tax Recovery Officers, Inspectors of Income Tax; Powers and Functions of Various Authorities:

Tax Avoidance, Tax Evasion and Tax Planning- Meaning and Distinction Inspections, Search, Seizure, Penalties for Tax Evasion and Tax Avoidance

UNIT-III

The Central Goods And Services Tax Act, 2017- I:

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features for Enactment of the Act; Administration; Levy and Collection of Tax; Time and Value of Supply; Input Tax Credit; Registration; Tax Invoice, Credit and Debit Notes; Judicial Responses

UNIT-IV

The Central Goods And Services Tax Act, 2017- II:

Accounts And Records; Returns; Payment of Tax; Refunds; Assessment; Audit; Inspection, Search, Seizure and Arrest; Demands and Recovery; Liability To Pay in Certain Cases; Advance Ruling; Appeals and Revision; Offences and Penalties; Transitional Provisions; Miscellaneous; Judicial Responses

UNIT-V

The Integrated Goods And Service Tax Act, 2017:

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features for Enactment of the Act; Judicial Responses; Administration; Levy and Collection of Tax; Determination of Nature of Supply; Place of Supply of Goods or Services or Both; Refund of Integrated Tax to International Tourist; Zero Rated Supply; Apportionment of Tax and Settlement of Funds; Miscellaneous

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Income Tax Act, 1961
- The Integrated Goods And Service Tax Act, 2017
- The Central Goods And Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017) as amended by the - The Central Goods And Services Tax (Extension To Jammu And Kashmir) Act, 2017 (NO. 26 of 2017); The Finance Act, 2018 (NO. 13 OF 2018); The Central Goods And Services Tax (Amendment) Act, 2018 (NO. 31 OF 2018); The Finance (NO. 2) Act, 2019 (NO. 23 OF 2019); The Finance Act, 2020 (NO. 12 OF 2020); The Taxation And Other Laws (Relaxation Of Certain Provisions) Ordinance, 2020 available at - **(Updated as on 30.09.2020)** <https://cbic-gst.gov.in/pdf/CGST-Act-Updated-30092020.pdf>
- Vinod K. Singhania/Monica Singhania: Taxmann's Corporate Tax Planning & Business Tax Procedures with Case Studies - Legal Position(s) Amended upto 20th August 2020 (24th Edition September 2020)
- Atal Kumar, Taxation Laws, 3rd Ed. (Rep.), Central Law Publication, 2020
- Dr. H.C. Mehrotra, Prof. V.P. Agarwal, Goods and Services Tax (G.S.T) 5th Revised and Updated 5th edition (Hindi): Sahitya Bhawan Publications; (2018)

PAPER 2.8.

MEDIATION, CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

1. Written Paper (Part–A) — 80 marks
There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
2. Practical Paper (Part–B) shall consist of total 20 Marks:
Project Work (With Viva-Voce)
[To be evaluated by one Internal and External Examiner] — 20 marks
Project/Assignment: 10 marks
Presentation: 10 marks
Practical Contents: Practical exercises may be devised to train students in developing crucial communication and negotiation skills, including summarizing of facts, neutral reframing, identification of issues, formulating objective criteria, conducting reality checks, assessing alternatives etc.
3. The candidate must pass in Parts A & B separately. For passing, he shall be required to obtain 36 percent marks in each part, i.e. 29 marks out of 80 and 07 marks out of 20 marks.
4. The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

For the overall development of the students in this emerging field this paper is being introduced to train the students of law in the emerging field of Arbitration, Mediation, Conciliation and Negotiation with Theoretical and Practical Aspects of this subject which is indispensable at the level of National and International both for its importance.

UNIT-I

Understanding Conflict and Disputes:

Modes of Dispute Resolution, Need and Importance of Mediation; Mediation and Restorative Justice: Theory of Restorative Justice and its Application, Gandhian Principles of Non-Violent Conflict Resolution, Traditional Mediation Practices in India and Abroad

UNIT-II

Evolution of Mediation/Conciliation as a Mode of Settlement of Disputes, Distinction Between Arbitration, Mediation, Conciliation, Negotiation; Nature, Scope, Limitations and Necessity of Alternative Models of Disputes Resolution; Theory of Negotiation, Approaches to Negotiation Positional Bargaining, Interest-based Bargaining or Principled Negotiation Preparation for Negotiation Collaborative Communication Skills, Negotiating Skills, Negotiation Exercises

UNIT-III

Mediation and Conciliation:

Theory of Mediation, Role of the Mediator (Court Annexed and Private), Preparation for Mediation / Conciliation Process; Confidentiality and Neutrality; How to Write An Award; Ethical Issues in Mediation / Conciliation Mediation in India, Institutions, Their Role; Theory of Mediation Laws in India: Role of the Mediator, (Court Annexed and Private), Preparation for Mediation / Conciliation Process; Judicial Interpretation and Relevant Case Law, Dispute Resolution Institutions in India; Key Concepts in Mediation: Essential Elements, Process and Stages, Approaches to Mediation, Role of the Mediator

UNIT-IV

Importance of Communication: Elements of Verbal and Non-Verbal Communication,

Effective and Ineffective Communication Techniques; Conducting Effective Mediation: Decision-making Techniques, Problem-Solving Tactics, Ensuring Positive Outcomes

Qualities and Skills of Mediators: Developing Mediation Skills, Code of Ethics, Confidentiality Requirements; Status of Mediated Agreements: Drafting of Agreements, Sanctity of

Mediated Agreements, Enforcement Laws and Procedures

Important Developments in Mediation: Growth of Virtual Dispute Resolution, Pre-Institution Mediation, UNCITRAL Model Law, Singapore Convention; Contemporary Developments

UNIT-V

Arbitration:

The Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 as amended by Acts of 2015, 2019 and Arbitration and Conciliation (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020: Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Acts/Amendments/Ordinance; Judicial Responses; Conducting Mock Arbitration on a Decided Case

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Sriram Panchu Mediation Practice & Law: The Path to Successful Dispute Resolution LexisNexis, 2015
- Mediation and Conciliation Project Committee, Supreme Court of India, Mediation Training Manual of India; available at – <https://main.sci.gov.in/mediation>
- Stephanie P. Stobbe, et. al. Conflict Resolution in Asia, Mediation and Other Cultural Models, Lexington Books, 2020
- A. Omkar and Kritika Krishnamurthy, The Art of Negotiation and Mediation: A Wishbone, Funny bone and Backbone, LexisNexis, 2015
- Christopher Moore The Mediation Process: Practical Strategies for Resolving Conflict: 3rd Revised ed. Jossey Bass; (2003)
- Ramin Jahanbegloo Introduction to Non-Violence Red Globe Press 2014
- Joel Leet. al., An Asian Perspective on Mediation EBC 2008
- Avtar Singh, Law of Arbitration and Conciliation (Hindi) 11th Ed., EBC 2021

PAPER 2.9.

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

This paper shall consist of following two parts;

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------|
| (a) Practical written paper | — | 80 marks |
| (b) Vivavoce examination | — | 20 marks |

[To be evaluated by one Internal and one External Examiner and the decision of External Examiner shall be final and binding]

The candidate must pass in PART (A) and (B) separately. For passing, he shall be required to obtain 36 percent marks in each part, i.e. 29 marks out of 80 and 7 marks out of 20 marks.

- (1) The entire syllabus shall be divided into FIVE UNITS.
- (2) There shall be a total of ten questions in the examination paper. The Paper Setter is required to set Two Questions from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.
- (3) The candidate is required to attempt a total of FIVE questions while attempting ONE question from each unit compulsorily.
- (4) Each question of these units shall be of sixteen (16) marks
- (5) In order to ensure that students do not leave out important portions of the syllabus, examiners will be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examination.
- (6) Leading cases prescribed under this paper may be read wherever they are relevant.
- (7) Paper setters are advised to frame the question paper including descriptive questions, problem based questions and short notes etc. covering the whole syllabus including latest amendments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

Professional ethics form the foundation in the lives of the lawyers. It means that lawyers have the constitutional obligation to take up the case of every person who approaches them for legal representation. These and many other similar other questions trouble the mind of new entrants to law practice. The lawyers have to adopt ethical practices in all spheres of their profession from meeting clients, giving them legal counselling, presenting their cases before appropriate bodies, managing client's accounts, etc. This paper covers this wide spectrum of lawyers' conduct.

UNIT-I

Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting:

The Necessity of the Professional Ethics; The Art of Advocacy; Professional Ethics; Nature of Professional Ethics and the Problems of the Code of Ethics; Advantages of having codified

Professional Ethics; Professional Ethics - Rules of Conduct. Standards of Professional Conduct and Etiquette: Duties to the Clients;

UNIT-II

The Advocates Act, 1961:

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Act; Bar Councils; Admission and Enrolment of Advocates; Right to Practise; Conduct of Advocates; Miscellaneous; Judicial Responses;

Image / Position of Legal Profession in Society; Advocacy is a Profession not a Business; Legal Profession is a Noble Profession; Deterioration in Image of Legal Profession in Independent India; Role of Lawyers in Society;

UNIT-III

The Contempt of Courts Act, 1971:

Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Act; Contempt and its Heads; Exemptions Heads for Contempt created by Legislations and Courts; Complaint Against Presiding officers of Subordinate Courts when not contempt; Publication of Information Relating to Proceedings in Chambers or in Camera Not Contempt Except in Certain Cases; Other Defences Not Affected; Power of High Court to Punish Contempt's of Subordinate Courts;

UNIT-IV

Power of High Court to Try Offences Committed or Offenders Found Outside Jurisdiction; Punishment for Contempt of Court; Contempt's Not Punishable in Certain Cases; Procedure Where Contempt is in the face of the Supreme Court or a High Court; Criminal Contempt and Cognizance in Other Cases; Procedure After Cognizance; Hearing of Cases of Criminal Contempt; Appeals; Limitations; Non-applicability of the Act; Related Judicial Responses;

UNIT-V

Bar-Bench Relationship:

General Conception; Advocates Duty to the Court; Duty to the Client; Duty to the opponent; Duty to Colleagues; Duty in Imparting Training; Duty to render Legal Aid; Duty of Judge towards the Advocate; Duty of the Bar towards the Bench; Grounds of disputes in Bar-Bench Relations; Suggestions to Improve Bar-Bench Relations; Restrictions on Senior Advocates; Standards of Professional Conduct and Etiquette; Rules Relating to Advocates' Right to Take up Law Teaching.

LEADING CASES AND OPINION OF B.C.I.:

- 1) An Advocate v. Bar Council of India, 1989 Supp(2) SCC 25
- 2) Bal Thackeray v. Harish Pimpal and Others (2005) 1 SCC 254E
- 3) Bhupinder Kumar Sharma v. Bar Assn., Pathankot, (2002) 1 SCC 470
- 4) D.P. Chadhav. Triyugi Narain Mishra, (2001) 2 SCC 221
- 5) D.S. Dalal v. State Bank of India and others. AIR 1993 S.C. 1608
- 6) Ex-Capt. Harish Uppal v. Union of India, (2003) 2 SCC 45

- 7) InReArundhati Roy,AIR2002SC1375
- 8) InRe VinayChandraMishra,(1995)2SCC 584
- 9) Noratanmal Chaurasiav. M.R.Murli(2004)5SCC 689
- 10) SCBarAssociationv.UOI,AIR1998SC1895

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Anirudh Prasad,LegalEducation & the Ethics ofLegal Profession ofIndia, 1st Ed., University Book House Pvt Ltd, 2018.
- Ben W. Heineman, Jr., William F. Lee, David B. Wilkins, Lawyers as ProfessionalsandCitizens:KeyRolesandResponsibilitiesinthe21st Century (2014) available at-
https://clp.law.harvard.edu/assets/Professionalism-Project-Essay_11.20.14.pdf
- ConferenceSkills,InnsofCourtSchoolofLaw,OxfordUniversityPress, 2005
- Don Peters, The Joy of Lawyering, pp. 5-20, available at -
<https://dullbonline.wordpress.com/2017/09/15/don-peters-the-joy-of-lawyering-clientinterviewing/>
- Francis L. Wellman, The Art of Cross Examination, available at-
[http://www.delhihighcourt.nic.in/library/articles/the%20art%20of%20cross%20examination\[1\].pdf](http://www.delhihighcourt.nic.in/library/articles/the%20art%20of%20cross%20examination[1].pdf)
- G.C.V.SubbaRao,CommentaryonContemptof CourtsAct,1971 (2014)
- Geoffey C. Hazard Jr., Responsibilities of Judges and Advocates in Civil and Common Law: Some Lingering Misconceptions Concerning Civil Lawsuits (2006), available at
http://scholarship.law.upenn.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=2091&context=faculty_scholarship
- JusticeMirzaHameedullahBeg,RoleoftheBenchandtheBar,availableat
<http://www.allahabadhighcourt.in/event/RoleoftheBenchandtheBarMHBeg.pdf>
- KrishnaswamiIyer'sProfessionalConductandAdvocacy(1945),availableat-
<https://archive.org/details/professionalcond029273mbp>
- RanadhirKumarDe,ContemptofCourtLaw&Practice(2012)Wadhwa Book Company

VIVA—VOCE EXAMINATION

20Marks

(10 + 10)

Candidates shall prepare a project of 20 - 30 pages (Case Comment) on any Leading/Landmark Case Law allotted by the subject teacher following the Bluebook 19th or 20th Edition

Viva-voce examinations shall be conducted and evaluated on the basis of the projects submitted by the candidate and his/her performance at the viva-voce examination by a Committee of three persons in which, there shall be Two Internal Examiners and One External Examiner. In case of discrepancy in the awards, the awards given by External Examiner shall be final and binding.

THIRD YEAR
SESSION 2022-23

PAPER3.1.

LAW OF EVIDENCE

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The law of evidence doesn't come under the purview of substantive or procedural law but under 'adjective law' which defines the pleading and procedure via which substantive laws are brought into practice. It is the machinery by which substantive laws are set and kept in motion. So it can be said that the Law of Evidence deals with rights as well as, procedures. It imparts credulity to the adjudicatory process by indicating the degree of veracity to be attributed to the facts before the form. This paper enables the students to appreciate the concept and principles underlying the law of evidence and to identify the recognized forms of evidence and its sources.

UNIT-I

Introduction:

History, Enactment and Implementation of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872; Objects, Application and Definitions (Sections 01 and 03); May Presume, Shall Presume and Conclusive Proof (Section 04); Facts In Issue and Relevant Facts (Section 05)

Of the Relevancy of Facts: Relevancy and Admissibility (Inter-linkages and Major Differences); Sections 06 - 39; Difference between Admission, Confession and Plea of Guilt; Dying declaration; Expert evidence; Judgments of Courts when Relevant under Sections 40-44; Opinions of Third Persons when Relevant (Sections 45 - 51); Character When Relevant (Sections 52 - 55);

UNIT-II

Oral and Documentary Evidence:

Oral Evidence: Proof of facts by Oral Evidence (Section 59); Oral evidence must be direct (Section 60); Documentary Evidence: Sections 61 - 78; Presumptions as to Documents (Sections 79 - 90A); Exclusion of Oral By Documentary Evidence: Sections 91 - 100;

UNIT-III

Burden of Proof:

Section 101 - 114A; Estoppel (Section 115), Estoppel of Tenant and of Licensee of Person in Possession (Section 116), Estoppel of Acceptor of Bill of Exchange, Baillie or Licensee;

UNIT-IV

Witnesses:

Sections 118 - 128; The Oaths Act, 1969 and its relation with the Law of Evidence, 1872; Sections 132, 133 & 134; Harmony between Section 133 and Section 114 Illustration (b); Difference between the terms Accomplice, Approver, Co-Accused and Hostile Witness with regard to Section 133 (together with relevant Sections of Cr.P.C., 1973);

UNIT-V

Examination of Witnesses:

Sections 135 - 165; Facts which Need Not Be Proved (Sections 56 - 58); No New Trial for Improper Admission or Rejection of Evidence (Section 167); Contemporary Developments in the Law of Evidence: Case-Law Analysis; Impact of Forensic Science: Evidentiary Value in D.N.A. Test, Narco-Analysis etc.; Impact of Social Media in the Law of Evidence; Witness Protection Schemes;

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Aghnoo Nagesia v. State of Bihar 1966 SC
- 2) Dudh Nath Pandey v. The State of U.P. AIR 1981 SC 911
- 3) Goutam Kundu v. State of West Bengal and Anr. AIR 1993 SC 2295
- 4) Mahender Chawla & Others v. Union of India & Others 2018 SCC Online SC 2678
- 5) M.C. Verghese v. T.J. Ponnann & Another 1969 SC
- 6) Nishi Kant Jhav. State of Bihar 1969 SC
- 7) Pakala Narayana Swami v. Emperor 1939 BOMLR
- 8) Palvinder Kaur v. The State of Punjab 1952 SC
- 9) Selvi & Others v. State of Karnataka & Another 2010 SC
- 10) The State of Bombay v. Kathi Kalu Oghad & Others 1961 SC

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Anirudh Rastogi, Law of Information Technology and Internet, Lexis Nexis, 2014
- Avtar Singh, Principles of the Law of Evidence, (Hindi) Central Law Publishers, 24th ed. 2020
- Avtar Singh, Law of Evidence, (Hindi) Central Law Publishers, 24th ed. 2020
- Batuk Lal, The Law of Evidence, Central Law Agency, 2018
- Dr. V. Nageswara Rao: Indian Evidence Act, Lexis Nexis, 2nd Ed. 2015
- Ram Jethmalani and D. S. Chopra, Law of Evidence: Concise Commentary, Thomson Reuters, 2015.
- Justice U.L. Bhat Relevancy, Proof and Evaluation of Evidence in Criminal Cases:, Universal Law Publishing, 1st Ed. 2016
- Ratanlal & Dhirajlal (Revised by Shakil Ahmad Khan), Lexis Nexis, 25th Ed. 2018
- Stephen Mason, Electronic Evidence, 4th Ed., 2017

<http://humanitiesdigitallibrary.org/index.php/hdl/catalog/book/electronicvidence>

- Stephen Mason, Electronic Signatures in Law, 4th Ed, 2016,
<http://humanities-digital-library.org/index.php/hdl/catalog/book/electronic-signatures>
- Chief Justice M. Monir, Textbook on The Law of Evidence, Universal Law Publishing, 11th Ed, 2018
- N. V. Paranjpe Indian Evidence Act (Hindi) Central Law Publishers, 1st Ed. 2018
- Rajaram Yadav Indian Evidence Act (Hindi) Central Law Publishers, 2019
- V. P. Sarathi (By Abhinandan Malik) Law of Evidence, Eastern Book Company, 7th Ed. 2017, Reprinted 2018.
- Woodroffe & Amir Ali (Revised by B. M. Prasad & Manish Mohan) Law of Evidence (Set of 04 Volumes): Lexis Nexis, 20th Ed. 2017.

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गोविन्द गुरु जनजातीय विश्वविद्यालय
बोसवाड़ा (राजस्थान)

PAPER3.2.

CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, 1973

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The main object of the course is to familiarize students with the working of the criminal justice delivery system and also to make them understand the significant riddles of the procedure. This course is devised to deal with the basic procedural aspects with regard to criminal law in action. Indeed, understanding of the same is a must for any aspiring litigation lawyer and so it is aimed at satisfying this requirement. A thorough knowledge of the Code of Criminal Procedure is indispensable for effective implementation of criminal law.

UNIT-I

Introduction:

History, Enactment and Implementation of the Code; Objects, Application and Definitions under the Code; Organisation of Police, Prosecutor, Defense Counsel and Prison Authorities and their Duties, Functions and Powers; Distinction between: Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Offence; Warrant and Summons; Bailable and Non-bailable; Compoundable and Non-compoundable; Arrest with and without warrant: The Absconder Status; Rights of the Accused Person; Constitution of Criminal Courts and Offices (Sections 06- 25A); Power of Courts (Sections 26- 35); Powers of Superior Officers of Police (Section 36); Aid to the Magistrates and the Police (Sections 37 - 40);

UNIT-II

Provisions relating to Arrest (Sections 41 - 60A); Process to Compel Appearance and Production of Things (Sections 61 - 105); Information to the Police and their Powers to Investigate (Sections 154 - 176); Preventive Action of the Police (Sections 149 - 153); Jurisdiction of Criminal Courts in Inquiries and Trials (Sections 177 - 189); Charge (Sections 211 - 224);

UNIT-III

Complaints to Magistrates and Commencement of Proceeding before Magistrates (Sections 200 - 210); Trial of Warrant and Summons Cases by Magistrates (Sections 238 - 259); Summary Trials (Sections 260 - 265); Provisions as to Bail and Bonds (Sections 436 - 450);

UNIT-IV

Trial Before a Court of Session (Sections 225 - 237); Evidence in Inquiries and Trials (Sections 272 - 299); General Provisions as to Inquiries and Trials (Sections 300 - 327); Judgment (Sections 353 - 365); Appeals (Sections 372 - 394); Reference and Revision (Sections 395 - 405); Execution, Suspension, Remission and Commutation of Sentences (Sections 413 - 435);

UNIT-V

Order for Maintenance of Wives, Children and Parents (Sections 125 - 128); Plea Bargaining (Sections 265A - 265L); Submission of Death Sentences for Confirmation (Sections 366 - 371); Transfer of Criminal Cases (Sections 406 - 412); Irregular Proceedings (Sections 460 - 466) read with Section 167 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872; Limitation (Sections 467 -473); Miscellaneous (Sections 474 - 483); Contemporary Developments in the Code;

LEADINGCASES:

- 1) D.K. Basu v.Stateof West Bengal(1997)1 SCC 416.
- 2) Danial Latifi&Anr.v.UnionofIndiaAIR2001SC3958
- 3) Kashmirasinghv. State ofPunjab,(1977)4SCC 291.
- 4) LalitaKumari v.Govt. of U.P., (2014)2 SCC 1
- 5) PritamSinghv.StateofPunjab,AIR1956SC415
- 6) PurshottamDasDalmiav.StateofWestBengal,AIR1968SC1589
- 7) Sakiri Vasuv. Stateof U.P.and Others(2008)2SCC 409
- 8) SatwantSinghv.Stateof Punjab,AIR1956SC 286
- 9) StateofU.P.v.Singhara Singh,AIR1964SC359
- 10) TahsildarSinghv.StateofU.P.,1959AIRSC1012

SUGGESTEDREADINGS:

- ChandrasekharanPillai,(ed.),Kelkar’sOutlineofCriminalProcedure,Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, 06th Ed. 2016.
- D.D. Basu,Criminal ProcedureCode1973,Vol.I&II,LexisNexis, 2017
- GaurK.D.TextbookontheCodeofCriminalProcedure,UniversalLaw Publication, 2016
- RatanlalandDhirajlal,CodeofCriminalProcedure,LexisNexis,23rdEd.2020
- SarkaronCriminalProcedureCode,Vol.I.&II.,LexisNexis,2013
- SirJohnWoodroffe,CommentariesonCodeofCriminalProcedure(in2 Vols.)Ed.3rdedition, Law Publishers India Pvt. Ltd., Reprint 2018
- Sohoni’sCodeofCriminalProcedure,1973(Setof5Volumes),22ndEd, LexisNexis, 2018.
- Murlidhar Chaturvedi The Code Of Criminal Procedure(Hindi): AllahabadLaw Agency 2018.

PAPER3.3.

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, 1908 AND LIMITATION ACT, 1963

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The Civil Procedure Code, 1906 is subject of daily use by the Civil Courts and lawyers. Students cannot afford to have scant knowledge of civil procedure when he goes out to practice as a lawyer. It is necessary to have good grounding in the subject before one enters the profession. The substantive law determines the rights of persons affected by action. The main objective of this course is to give to the student a thorough knowledge of civil procedural law especially related to working of civil courts and other adjudicating authorities.

UNIT-I

History, Enactment and Implementation of the Code; Objects, Application and Definitions under the Code; Rationale of Civil Procedure: Fair Trial and its Importance; Constitutional Perspectives: Articles 14, 20 and 21; Subordination of Courts; Pecuniary Jurisdiction;

UNIT-II

Suits in General: Jurisdiction of the Courts and Res-Judicata; Place of Suing; Institution of Suits; Summons and Discovery; Judgment and Decree; Interest; Costs (Sections 9 - 35B); Judicial Responses and Contemporary Developments

UNIT-III

Execution (Sections 36 - 74); Incidental Proceedings (Commissions) and Suits in particular cases (Suits by or against the Government or Public Officers in their Official Capacity) (Sections 75 - 88); Judicial Responses and Contemporary Developments

UNIT-IV

Special Proceedings (Sections 89-93); Supplemental Proceedings (Sections 94-95); Appeals (Sections 96 - 112); Reference, Review and Revision (Sections 113 - 115); Miscellaneous (Sections 132 - 153B); Judicial Responses and Contemporary Developments

UNIT-V

The Limitation Act, 1963:

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Act; Limitation of Suits, Appeals and Applications; Computation of Period of Limitation; Acquisition of

Ownership by Possession; Miscellaneous; Judicial Responses and Contemporary Developments

LEADINGCASES:

- 1) A.V.PapayyaSastry&Ors.v.GovernmentofA.P.&Ors.(2007)4SCC221
- 2) Daryao andothersv.The StateofU.P.andothers AIR1961SC1457
- 3) Forward Construction Co. &Ors. Etc. Etc. v. Prabhat Mandal (Regd.) Andheri & Ors. Etc. Etc. AIR 1986 SC 391
- 4) Indian Young Lawyers Association &Ors. v. The State of Kerala &Ors. 2018 SCC OnLine SC 1690
- 5) M. Siddiq (D) Through LR's v. Mahant Suresh Das &Ors. Online SCC 1440SC 2019
- 6) Shri Uttam Chand (D) through LR's v. Nathu Ram (D) through LR's. &Ors.Civil Appeal No. 190 of 2020 (decided on 15th Jan., 2020) SC 2020
- 7) S.P.ChengalvarayaNaiduv.JagannathAIR1994 SC853
- 8) Sri V.N. Krishna Murthy & Anr. Etc. Etc. v. Sri Ravikumar & Ors. Etc. Etc.Civil Appeal Nos. 2701-2704 of 2020 (decided on 21 August, 2020), SC 2020
- 9) Sudam Kisan Gavane (D) Thr. LRs. & Ors. v. Manik Ananta Shikketod (D)By LR's & Ors. ICL 2019 SC 1015
- 10) Varadarajanv.KanakavalliandOrs.(decidedon22ndJanuary,2020),SC 2020

SUGGESTEDREADINGS:

- Avtar Singh, Code of Civil Procedure, Central Law Publication, Allahabad, 2019.
- C.K.Takwani:CivilProcedure,4thEdition,EasternBookCo.,Lucknow, 2007.
- ConciseCommentary,TheLimitationAct,1963(36of1963)WithExhaustive case Law; Universal's Ed. 3rd Ed. 2018
- MedhaKolhatkar,CommentaryonLimitationActbyT.R.Desai,Lexis Nexis,12th Edition.
- MedhaKolhatkar,M.P. Jain'sCivilProcedureCode,LexisNexis,5th Edition.
- Mulla,CodeofCivilProcedure:Tripathi(AbridgedEdition),and(Student Edition), 2010.
- Sanjiva Row: Code of Civil Procedure, 3rd Ed., (in 4 Vols.), Law Book Co.,Allahabad, 2016.
- Sarkar'sLawofCivilProcedure,Universal LawPublishing, Delhi,2016.
- ShailendraMalik,CodeOfCivilProcedure,27thEdition,AllahabadLaw Agency,2011.
- ShrinivasGupta,TheLimitationAct,3rded,Universal LawHouse,2016.
- Sukumar Ray, Textbook on the Code of Civil Procedure, Universal Law Book Company

- T.R.Desai,CommentaryontheLimitationAct,11thed,UniversalLaw House, 2016.
- RadhaRamanGupta,CivilPrakriyaSanhita(CodeofCivilProcedure)
(Hindi)Central Law Publications, 2020

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PAPER 3.4.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW AND RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

This course will deal with the nature, scope and functions of Administrative Law, the nature and control of delegated legislative power, regulation of discretionary powers and general principles of Administrative adjudication. It further deals with the role played by courts in the development of Administrative Law. The rapid growth of this law in the 21st century is regarded as the most significant development in the field of law. It deals with legal framework governing public administration and the principles to control executive power to avoid arbitrariness and promote equity, justice and good conscience.

UNIT-I

Nature and Scope of Administrative Law:

Meaning, Definition and Evolution of Administrative Law; Relationship between Administrative Law and Constitutional Law; Basic Concepts of Administrative Law: Rule of Law: Dicey's Principle of Rule of Law: Theory of Separation of Powers; Classification of Administrative Functions: Legislative, Administrative & Judicial; Delegated Legislation: Meaning, Nature, Scope, Forms and Its Growth; Necessity for Delegation of Legislative Power and Control; Parliamentary Control, Procedural Control, Sub-Delegation of Legislative Powers; Quasi-judicial, Administrative and Ministerial Functions;

UNIT-II

Judicial Control of Administrative Action:

Grounds of Judicial Control; Principles of Natural Justice; Administrative Discretion and its Control; Writ Jurisdiction of High Court's and Supreme Court: Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Certiorari, Prohibition and Quo-warranto Writs; Judicial Responses; Power of Judicial Review: Grounds and Scope; Jurisdictional Error/Ultra Vires, Abuse and Non-Exercise Jurisdiction, Error Apparent on the Face of the Record; Violation of Principles of Natural Justice: Rule Against Bias (*Nemo Judex In Causa Sua*); *Audi Alteram Partem* (or *Audiatur Et Altera Pars*) Right to Consult a Lawyer, Reasoned and Speaking Decision;

UNIT-III

Judicial Redressal of Citizens Grievances:

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Liability of the State in Torts, Contracts and Constitutional mandate; Doctrine of Promissory Estoppels; Government and Public Corporations; Administrative Adjudication: Reasons for Growth, Structure and Procedure of Administrative Bodies: Tribunals; Finality of the Tribunal's Decisions;

The Administrative Tribunals Act, 1985 as amended by The Administrative Tribunals(Amendment) Act, 2006: Need, Importance, Objectives; Definitions, Concept, Key Features of the Act and Amendment;(Forty Second Constitutional Amendment Act 1976);Judicial Responses;

UNIT-IV

Ombudsman: Meaning, Nature, Jurisdiction of Ombudsman in India; Role and Relevance of Ombudsman in Administration and Democracy; Objectives of the Institution of Ombudsman; Characteristics of Ombudsman; Banking Ombudsman Scheme 2006 as amended in 2017:Basic Concepts and Future Effects

The Lokpal and Lokayuktas Act, 2013 Including The Lokpal and Lokayuktas Amendment)Act, 2016:Need, Importance, Objectives; Definitions, Concept, Key Features of the Act and Amendment;Judicial Responses;Appointment of First Lokpal(Anti-Corruption)in India and

Future Effects;Rajasthan Lokayukta Act, 1973:Need, Importance, Objectives; Definitions, Concept, Key Features of the Act; Judicial Responses; History, Appointment, Qualification, Term, Removal, Position of Persons excluded from Jurisdiction of Lokayukt, Powers and Duties of Lokayukt;

UNIT-V

The Commission of Inquiry Act, 1952:

Need, Importance, Objectives; Definitions, Concept, Key Features of the Act; Judicial Responses;The Central Vigilance Commission Act, 2003:Need, Importance, Objectives; Definitions, Concept, Key Features of the Act; Judicial Responses;Right to Information Act, 2005 Including Right to Information (Amendment) Act, 2019:Need, Importance, Objectives; Definitions, Concept, Key Features of the Act and Amendment;Transparency and Right to Information: Constitutional Imperative;Right to Information and Obligations of Public Authorities, Central Information Commission, State Information Commission, Powers and Functions of the Information Commissions, Appeal and Penalties; Hurdles in the Implementation of the Act;Judicial Responses;

LEADING CASES:

- 1) A.K.Kripakv.Union of India, AIR1970SC150
- 2) L.ChandraKumar.v.U.O.I.,AIR1997SC 1125
- 3) Parshottam LalDhingra v.Union of India,AIR1958SC36
- 4) RamManohar Lohiav.State of Bihar,AIR1966SC740
- 5) Rohtas Industries Pvt. Ltd.v.S.D.Agarwal,AIR 1969SC707
- 6) Rupa Ashok Hurav.Ashok Hura, (2002)4 SCC 388
- 7) State of Bombayv. K.P.Krishnan,AIR 1960SC 1223
- 8) State of Karnatakav. Union of India,AIR 1978SC 68.
- 9) State of West Bengalv.Ashish Kumar Roy,AIR2005SC254

10) SyedYakoobv.RadhaKrishna,AIR1964SC 477

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- C.K.Takwani,AdministrativeLaw,Eastern BookCompany,2016
- C.K.Takwani,PrashasanikVidhi(Hindi),EasternBookCompany,2019
- I.P.Massey, AdministrativeLaw,EasternBookCompany,2017
- JJ Ram Upadhyaya Administrative Law 12th,Edition Central Law Publication, 2020
- JJRamUpadhyayaAdministrativeLaw(Hindi)12th,EditionCentralLaw Publication, 2020
- M.P.Jain,AdministrativeLaw,LexisNexis2017
- P.K.Das,TheRighttoInformationAct,UniversalLow Publishing
- Prof.AnandPaliwal,Dr.KrishnaKishorTrivedi,RighttoInformationAct and Good governance, Himanshu Publication Ed. 2017
- S.P.Sathe,AdministrativeLaw,Lexis Nexis2010
- V.D.Sebastian,AnIntroductiontoAdministrativeLaw,AsiaLawHouse, 2016
- U.P.D.Kesari,AdministrativeLaw(Hindi)25thEd.CentralLaw Publication, 2018

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PAPER 3.5.

ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

The development of ecological knowledge has necessitated an overall change not only in managerial studies but also in socio-legal explorations. This approach to the growing dimensions of environmental law is essential for the development of the law students. This course also aims to create awareness among the students about the legislative measures for protection of environment and spirit of the Indian Constitution for protection of environment. It also provides the opportunities to the students to understand the activist role played by Indian Judiciary in protection of environment and evolution of different principles. At the end of this course the students would be familiar with the overall environmental legal regime of the country as well as its international obligations. This course would finally equip the students with basic knowledge and skills to understand environmental law issues.

UNIT-I

Introduction:

Historical development of Environment Law, International and Indian Jurisprudence; Components of Environment, Ecology, Ecosphere and Biosphere; Meaning and Definition of Environment, Environmental Pollution, Its kinds: (Natural and Artificial – Air, Water, Noise, Soil), Causes and Effects; Nature of Environmental Law - Public Law or Private Law; Common Law Aspects of Environmental Law: Nuisance, Trespass, Negligence, Absolute and Strict Liability; Criminal Liability and Environment Protection: Offences Affecting Public Health and Safety under Indian Penal Code, 1860 and Section 133 of Cr.P.C.;

UNIT-II

Environment Protection under the Constitution of India: Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policies, Fundamental Duties, Implementation of International obligations; Distribution of Legislative Powers; Remedies; Writ Jurisdiction of High Court and Supreme Court; Public Interest Litigation and Environment Protection; Role of Indian Judiciary;

UNIT-III

The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986; National Green Tribunal Act, 2010; The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972: Importance and Objectives of these Acts, Meaning and Definitions of Key Words Provided Under These Acts, Salient Features of the Acts and Judicial Responses;

UNIT-IV

The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974; The Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981; The Forest Act, 1927; The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980; The Biological Diversity Act, 2002; Rajasthan Biological Diversity Rules, 2010; The Rajasthan Noise Control Act, 1963; Importance and Objectives of these Acts, Meaning and Definitions of Key Words Provided Under These Acts, Salient Features of the Acts and Judicial Responses;

UNIT-V

Principles of International Environmental Law and Their Relevance in India:

Stockholm Conference, 1972, Rio Summit or Earth Summit-I, 1992; United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), Convention on Biological Diversity, Earth Summit - II, 1997; World Summit on Sustainable Development, 2002, United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), 2015; Responsibility of States in Protection of Environment; Trans-boundary Pollution and State's Responsibility; Contemporary Developments; Principles of Environmental Jurisprudence by Judiciary in India;

LEADING CASES:

- 1) A.P. Pollution Control Board v. Prof. M.V. Nayudu AIR 1999SC 812
- 2) Enviro-Legal Action v. Union of India AIR 1996SC 1446
- 3) M.C. Mehta and Anr. v. Union of India & Ors. AIR 1997SC 734
- 4) M.C. Mehta v. Kamal Nath 1997(1) SCC 388.
- 5) M.C. Mehta v. Union of India & Ors. 1991 SCC (2) 353
- 6) M.C. Mehta v. Union of India & Ors. AIR 19884 SCC 471
- 7) M.C. Mehta v. Union of India AIR 1987SC 965
- 8) Municipal Council, Ratlam v. Shri Vardhichand & Ors. AIR 1980SC 1622
- 9) People's Union for Democratic Rights v. Union of India 1982(2) SCC 253
- 10) Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra Dehradun & Ors. v. State of U.P. & Ors. AIR 1985 SC 652
- 11) Union Carbide Corporation & Ors. v. Union of India & Ors., 19914 SCC 584
- 12) Vellore Citizens' Welfare Forum v. Union of India AIR 1996SC 2715

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- P.B. Sahasranaman, Handbook of Environmental Law, Oxford University Press, 2012
- P. Leelakrishnan, Environmental Law in India, Lexis Nexis, 2018.
- P.S. Jaswal, Environmental Law, Allahabad Law Agency, 2017.
- Ritwick Dutta and Sanjeet Purohit, Commentary on the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010, Universal Law Publications
- Shyam Divan and Armin Rosencranz, Environmental Law and Policy in India, Oxford University Press, 2002.
- S.C. Tripathi, Environmental Law, 7th Ed., Central Law Publication, 2019.
- S.C. Shastri, Environmental Law, Eastern Book Company, 2018.

- S. Shanta Kumar, Introduction to Environmental Law, Wadhwa& Company, 2008.
- Anirudh Prasad, Environmental Law (Hindi), 9th Ed., Central Law Publication, 2018.
- ArvindKumarDubey,EnvironmentalLaw(Hindi),5thEd.,CentralLawPublication, 2015.

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PAPER 3.6.

LANDLAWS

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

For the overall development of the students in this field this paper is being introduced to train the students of law to have a basic and extensive knowledge about the local existing legislations in the State of Rajasthan which is indispensable at the State level for its importance.

UNIT-I

Rajasthan Rent Control Act, 2001 (Amended by The Act of 2017):

Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Act; Revision of Rent, Limited Period Tenancy, Eviction of Tenants, Right of Landlord to Recover Immediate Possession in Certain Cases, Restoration of Possession and procedure thereof; Tribunals, Appeal and Execution Amenities; Appointment of Rent Authority, Tenancy Agreement and Period of Tenancy; Revision of Rent In Certain Circumstances, Security Deposit and Deposit of Rent and Judicial Responses;

UNIT-II

Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 1955 (As Amended):

Objectives; Concept, Key Features of the Act; Definitions-Khudkasht, Ijredars, Grove Holder etc.; Classes of Tenants: Conferment of Rights on Sub-Tenants of Khudkasht; Primary Rights of Tenants: Lands on which Khatedari Rights do not Accrue; Surrender, Abandonment and Extinction of Tenancies; Improvements; Declaratory Suits; Determination and Modification of Rent; Payment and Recovery of Rent; Grounds for Ejectment of Tenants, Remedies for Wrongful Ejectment; Procedure and Jurisdiction of Court, Provisions for Injunction and Appointment of Receiver; Appeal, Review, Revision; Reference; Proprietary Rights in Revenue Courts; Rights in Civil Court, Conflict of Jurisdiction and Judicial Responses;

UNIT-III

The Rajasthan Land Revenue Act, 1956 (As Amended):

Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features of the Act and Amendment The Board of Revenue, Revenue Courts and Officers; Appeal, Reference, Revision and Review; Land; Survey; Record of Rights, Maintenance of Maps and Record, Annual Registers; Settlement Operations; Rent Ratio, Determination of Rent, Term of Settlement; Collection or Revenue and Judicial Responses;

UNIT-IV

RealEstate(RegulationandDevelopment)Act,2016(RERA)(As Amended):

Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features; Salient Features, Definitions; Real Estate Regulatory Authority, Registration with the Regulatory Authority, Carpet Area, Bank Account and Guarantee by Allottee, Acceptance, Refusal, Revocation, Lapse of Registration, Regulatory Authority, Advertisement or Prospectus by the Promoter, Advance Payment, Addition and Alteration in the Plans, Structural Defect, Transfer and Assignment, Refund of Amount in Handing Over Possession, Real Estate Appellate Tribunal, Adjudicating Officer, Offences and Penalty, Overriding Effect and Judicial Responses;

UNIT-V

The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013(As amended):

Objectives; Definition, Concept, Key Features; Definitions: Affected Family, Agriculture Land, Cost of Acquisition, Displaced Family, Infrastructure Project, Marginal Farmer, Market Value, Person Interested, Public Purpose and Resettlement Area, Procedure of Land Acquisition; Determination of Social Impact; Consent of Land Owners; Award Inquiry and Public Purpose, Safeguard Provisions; Food Security, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Award and Procedure thereof; Rehabilitation and Resettlement Authority, Apportionment and Payment of Compensation, Reference to Civil Courts etchant Judicial Responses;

LEADING CASES:

1. Prabhuv.Ramdeo, AIR 1966 SC172
2. Kanaimalv.Kanhaiya Lal, 1966RLW 179
3. Bohrav.Ganesh, 1966RRD71(FB)1966 RLW
4. YasinShah v.Munir Shah, 1967 RRD37
5. MangiLalv.Chottu, 1967RRD433
6. Smt.Mulashiv.RamaLal, 1976RRD88.
7. NarmadaBachaoAndolanv.Unionof IndiaII(2005)CLT57 (SC)
8. Chimanlal Hargovind Das v. Spl. Land Acquisition Officer, Poona AIR 1988 SC 1652.
9. Karnataka Urban Water Supply and Drainage board, etc. v/s K.S. Gangadharappa & Another, II (2009) CLT 309 (SC). : (2009) 11 SCC 164,
10. Maj.Gen. Kapil Mehrav. UnionofIndia (UOI, 2014(145) DRJ497

SUGGESTED READING:

- AnilKaushikRajasthanLand Laws(Hindi)3rdEd., CentralLawPublications, 2017
- Anupam Srivastava, Guide to The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013, CCH, Wolters Kluwer Business
- Ajar Rab, foreword by G.S. Singhvi, Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016, Ed. 1st Edition, 2019 EBC

- Dr. Sanjeev Kumar, Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 Bharat Law House Pvt. Ltd. 2017
- Dr. K.K. Khandelwal, Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016(A Commentary & Digest) RERA, 2019 C.C.H., Wolters Kluwer Business
- Om Prakash Aggarwala, The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013, 9thed. Universal Publication, 2017
- Shambhu Kumar Thakur, Real Estate (Regulation & Development) Act, 2016
- Shikha Sachdeva, Rajasthan Land Laws Manual, Global Publishing House, 2017
- Sawantmal Mathur and Rajendra Bafna, Rajasthan Land Revenue Code, Bafna Publishing House; 10th edition 2017
- S.K. Dutt & B.N. Purohit, Rent Control Law in Rajasthan, Unique Traders, Jaipur, 2018

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PAPER3.7.

INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES AND PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION

SCHEME OF PAPER:

MAX. MARKS: 100

MIN. PASS MARKS: 36

- (1) There shall be ten questions in the examination paper, two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions, one question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
- (2) The prescribed syllabus includes latest amendments and relevant judgments in the subject wherever applicable.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

This course is largely confined to Common Law system of statutory interpretation. This course aims to acquaint the students with basic principles of interpretation of statutes. It focuses on general and specific rules of interpretation of statutes. It also prescribes the guidelines on interpretation of remedial, penal and taxing statutes. It provides for internal and external aids for interpretation of statutes. It also contains the rules regulating commencement, operation and repeal of statutes. It prescribes the principles for interpretation of Constitutional document also.

UNIT-I

Different Parts of Statutes; Classification of Statutes; Interpretation and Construction; Literal Interpretation; Mischief Rule; The Golden Rule; Harmonious Construction; Statute Should be Read as a Whole; *Construction Ut Res Magis Valeat Quam Pereat*; Identical Expressions To Have Same Meaning; *Construction Noscitur-a-Sociis*; *Construction Ejusdem Generis*;

UNIT-II

Construction Expressio Unius Est Exclusio Alterius; *Contemporanea Expositio Est Optima Et Fortissima in Lege*; *Casus Omissus*; *Reddendo Singula Singulis*; *Delegatus Non Potest Delegare*; Beneficial Construction; Strict Construction of Penal Statutes; Strict Construction of Fiscal (Taxing) Statutes; Interpretation of Statutes in *Pari Materia*; Interpretation of Amending Statutes; Interpretation of Amending Statutes; Interpretation of Consolidating Statutes; Interpretation of Codifying Statutes; Mandatory and Directory Enactments; Conjunctive and Disjunctive Enactments;

UNIT-III

Internal Aids to Interpretation; External Aids to Interpretation; Presumptions Regarding Jurisdiction; Commencement of Legislation; Repeal of Legislation; Revival of Legislation; Retrospective Operation of Statutes;

UNIT-IV

Principle of Implied Powers; Principle of Incidental and Ancillary Powers; Principle of Implied Prohibition; Principle of Occupied Field; Principle of Pith and Substance; Principle

of Colourable Legislation; Principle of Territorial Nexus; Principle of Severability; Principle of Prospective Over-Ruling; Principle of Eclipse;

UNIT-V

Bentham's Theory of Legislation:

Principles of Legislation; Principle of Utility (Chapter-I); The Ascetic Principle (Chapter-II); The Arbitrary Principle (or the Principle of Sympathy and Antipathy) (Chapter-III); Different Kinds of Pleasures and Pains (Chapter-VI) Principles of Civil Code: Objects of the Civil Law; Rights and Obligations (Chapter-I); Ends of Civil Law (Chapter-II) Principle of the Penal Code: Classification of Offences: Subdivision of Offences and Some Other Divisions (Chapters II and III); Punishments Which Ought Not To Be Inflicted (Chapter-I); Proportion between Offences and Punishments (Chapter-II); Kinds of Punishments (Chapter-VII);

LEADING CASES:

- 1) Alamgir v. State of Bihar AIR 1959 SC 436
- 2) Bengal Immunity Company v. State of Bihar AIR 1955 SC 661
- 3) Heydon's Case (1584) 76 ER 637
- 4) K.M. Nanavati v. State of Bombay AIR 1961 SC 112
- 5) Lily Thomas v. Union of India AIR 2000 SC 1650
- 6) Mangoo Singh v. Election Tribunal AIR 1957 SC 871
- 7) Motipur Zamindari Co. Pvt. Ltd. v. State of Bihar AIR 1962 SC
- 8) Ramavatar v. Assistant Sales Tax Officer AIR 1961 SC 1325
- 9) Ranjit Udeshi v. State of Maharashtra AIR 1965 SC 881
- 10) Smith v. Hughes (1871) LR 6 QB 597

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Anirudh Prasad, Samvidhik Nirvachan Ke Siddhant, Ed. 8th, C.L.P., 2019 (Hindi)
- Avtar Singh, Introduction to Interpretation of Statutes, LexisNexis, Butterworths Wadhwa, 2014
- Bhattacharya T., Interpretation of Statutes (Central Law Agency), 2017
- Bindra N.S., Interpretation of Statutes (LexisNexis, Butterworth Wadhwa), 2016
- Brandon J. Merrill, Modes of Constitutional Interpretation, Congressional Research Service, March 2018, at <https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/R45129.pdf>
- Chopra, D.S., Interpretation of Statutes, 1st ed. New Delhi: Thomson Reuters, 2014.
- Dhanda, Amita (Ed.), N. S. Bindra's Interpretation of Statutes, 12th Ed., New Delhi: Lexis Nexis, 2017.
- Jeremy Bentham, Theory of Legislation, LexisNexis, 2010
- Jone, Oliver (Ed), Bennion on Statutory Interpretation 5th ed. London: LexisNexis, 2013
- Katju, Markandey, (Ed.), K.L. Sarkar's Mimamsa Rules of Interpretation.

- 4thed.NewDelhi, ThomsonReuters, 2013.
- Langan, P. St. J.(Ed.),Maxwell on the Interpretation of Statutes. 12thed. NewDelhi: Lexis Nexis,1969
 - Maxwell,InterpretationofStatutes(SweetandMaxwell),1969
 - RupertCross,StatutoryInterpretation(Butterworth),1976
 - Sarathi, Vepa P., Interpretation of Statutes. 5th ed. New Delhi: Eastern BookCompany, 2010.

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PAPER3.8.

DRAFTING, PLEADING AND CONVEYANCE

This paper shall consist of following two parts:

(a) Written paper — 80 marks

The entire syllabus shall be divided into FIVE UNITS. There shall be a total of ten questions in the examination paper. The Paper Setter is required to set Two Questions from each Unit. The candidate is required to attempt a total of FIVE questions. ONE question from each unit is compulsorily. All questions will carry equal marks. {Each question of sixteen (16) marks}

(b) Viva Voce examination — 20 marks

[The candidates shall maintain a diary consisting of 5 exercises of pleadings and 5 exercises of conveyance. It shall be evaluated by One Internal and One External Examiner and the decision of External Examiner shall be final and binding].

The candidate must pass in part (a) and (b) separately. For passing, he shall be required to obtain 36 percent marks in each part, i.e. 29 marks out of 80 and 7 marks out of 20 marks.

Leading cases prescribed under this paper may be read wherever they are relevant.

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

Being one of the clinical papers, this paper aims at giving the students an opportunity to peep into the working of law by referring to various practical aspects of civil and criminal laws. It also emphasizes on the Conveyance aspects and imparts the students the requisites of various deeds that go to make the theoretical law complete.

UNIT-I

Pleadings: Civil: Complaint, Written Statement, Interlocutory Application, Original Petition, Affidavit, Execution Petition, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision, Petition under Article 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India;

UNIT-II

Pleadings: Criminal: Complaint, Criminal Miscellaneous petition, Bail Application, Memorandum of Appeal, Reference and Revision;

UNIT-III

Drafting: General Principles of Drafting and Relevant Substantive Rules Shall Be Taught; Suit for Temporary Injunction; Interpleaded Suit; Application for Maintenance under Section 125 Cr. P.C.; Notice for Eviction of Premises; Suit for Damages for Malicious Prosecution; Notice for Damages for Defamation

UNIT-IV

Drafting of Writ Petition and PIL Petition

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UNIT-V

Conveyance: Sale Deed, Mortgage Deed, Lease Deed, Gift Deed, Promissory Note, Power of Attorney, Will, Trust Deed; Adoption Deed; Partnership Deed; Lease/Rent Deed

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Bindra, M. S. Bindra's Pleading & Practice Vol. 1 & 2. New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing, 2010.
- Mogha G.C. Mogha's Law of Pleadings in India with Precedents. 17th ed. Lucknow: Eastern Book Company, 2009.
- Parimeswaran, S. Law of Affidavit. New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing, 2003.
- Sengupta, Ajit K. Maumdar's Law Relating to Notices. Kolkata: Eastern Law House Pvt. Ltd., 2005.
- Shrivastava J.M. Mogha's Indian Conveyancer, 14th ed. Lucknow: Eastern Book Company, 2009.
- Rathwade, Rajaram S. Legal Drafting, Pune: Hind Law House, 2010.
- Dr. Y.S. Sharma Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing (Hindi) University Book House 2017
- H.L. Kumar Legal Drafting: Do it Yourself: 5th edition Universal Law Publishing - An Imprint of LexisNexis; 2017
- Avasthi, Drafting and Conveyancing (Hindi) 2nd Ed. Central Law Publications, 2015

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PAPER3.9.

MOOTCOURTEXERCISEANDINTERNSHIP

SCHEMEOF PAPER:

MAX.MARKS:100

MIN.PASSMARKS:36

This paper will have four Components:

- | | |
|--|----------|
| a) Moot Court | 30 Marks |
| b) Observance of Trial in Two Cases – One Civil and One Criminal | 20 Marks |
| c) Interviewing techniques and Pre-Trial Preparations and Internship Diary | 30 Marks |
| d) Viva– Voce | 20 Marks |

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

This course consists of the activities / exercises of (a) Moot court exercises, (b) Observance of trials, and (c) Pre-trial preparations. The objectives of the course is to acquaint the students about – (a) court working and its procedure, (b) application substantive and procedural law to given facts, (c) court manners and discipline, (d) conversance with interview techniques and pre-trial preparations, (e) developing skills of arguments and presentation, and (f) learning skills of analysis and arrangement of facts.

- | | |
|--|----------|
| a) Moot Court: | 30 Marks |
| Every student will do at least Three Moot Courts in a year with Ten (10) Marks for each. The Moot Court work will be on Assigned Problems and it will be evaluated for Five (05) Marks for Written Submission and Five (05) Marks for Oral Advocacy. | |
| b) Observance of Trial in Two Cases – One Civil and One Criminal: | 20 Marks |
| Students will attend Two Trials in the course of the last third year of LL.B. studies. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the Courts assignments. | |
| Interviewing Techniques and Pre-Trial Preparations and Internship Diary: 30 Marks | |
| Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the lawyers office – Legal Aid Office and Record the Proceedings in a Diary which will carry 10 Marks. Each Student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the head advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary which will carry 10 marks. | |
| c) Viva– Voce: | 20 Marks |
| The fourth component of this paper will be viva voce examination on all the above three aspects. This will carry 20 Marks. | |
| The viva voce examinations shall be conducted by a committee of three persons. In the committee there shall be two internal examiners and one external examiner the committee shall award marks on the basis of preparations of above three components and performance at the viva voce examinations. In case of discrepancy, the decision of the External Examiner shall be final and binding. | |

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Abhinandan Malik, Moot Courts and Mooting, Eastern Book Company, 2017

- J.Hill, Practical Guide to Mooting, 1st Indian Reprint, Palgrave Macmillan, 2009
- Kailash Rai Moot Court (Pre-Trial Preparation and Participation in Trial Proceedings) 5th Ed. (Rep) Central Law Publications, 2019
- K.L.Bhatia, Moot Court and Mock Trial- Art to and Art of Advocacy: Essentials of Court Craft 2nd Ed. Universal Law Publishing, 2013
- K.Evans, Language of Advocacy, 1st Indian Reprint, Universal Law Publishing, 2000
- Nomita Aggarwal, A Beginner's Path to Moot Court, Universal Law Publishing, 2014

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