

and multicellular organization; cell wall composition; nutrition (saprobic, biotrophic and symbiotic) reproduction (vegetative, asexual, sexual); heterothallism; heterokaryosis; parosexuality; recent trends in classification. Phylogeny of fungi; general account of Mastigomycotina, Zygomycotina, Ascomycotina, Basidiomycotina and Deuteromycotina; Mycorrhizae and Lichens.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Microbiology : Fungi in industry, medicine and food; Archaebacteria eubacteria and cyanobacteria : general account; ultrastructure, nutrition and reproduction; biology and economic importance; general account of Prions, Rickettsias, L-forms, Viroids etc. Viruses : Characteristics and ultrastructure of virions; isolation and purification of viruses; chemical nature, replication, transmission of viruses; economic importance.

Mycoplasma and Phytoplasma : General characteristics and role in causing plant diseases.

#### **UNIT-V**

Phytopathology : Scope and brief history of plant pathology, concept of disease and a general account of diseases caused by various plant pathogens. Important symptoms of plant diseases. Mechanism of host penetration and defense. A general account of physiological specialization, toxins and phytoalexins. Molecular basis of host-parasite interaction. Plant diseases management and fungi as biocontrol agents.

## **M.Sc. (PREVIOUS) BOTANY**

### **PAPER-II**

#### **BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF BRYOPHYTES, PTERIDOPHYTES AND GYMNOSPERMS**

##### **UNIT-I**

General characters and classification :

Structure, reproduction, interrelationships of Bryophytes with special reference to:

1. Sphaerocarpales : *Sphaerocarpos*
2. Marchantiales : *Marchantia, Asterella*
3. Jungermanniales : *Pellia*
4. Calobryales : *Calobryum*
5. Anthocerotales : *Anthoceros complex, Notothylas*
6. Sphagnales : *Sphagnum*
7. Bryales : *Polytrichum*

##### **UNIT-II**

A systematic study of the distribution (present and past with special reference to India), structure, reproduction, evolution and inter-relationships of the Pteridophyta with special reference to :

1. Psilophyopsida : Psilophytale - general account

2. Psilotopsida : Psilotales - general account
3. Lycopsida : Lepidodendrales-*Lepidodendron*; Isoetales-*Isoetes*; Selaginellales-*Selaginella*
4. Sphenopsida : Sphenophyllales – *Sphenophyllum*; Calamitales-*Calamites*
5. Pteropsida : Eusporangiatae:  
Ophioglossales-*Ophioglossum*;  
Marattiales-*Marattia*;  
Osmundales-*Osmunda*.

### **UNIT-III**

- Pteridopsida : Leptosporangiate; Filicales - *Gleichenia, Cyathea*  
Marsileales - general account  
*Salviniales* - general account
6. Evolution of stelar system; cytology and the study of Prothallus in relation to taxonomy; soral evolution
  7. Fossils : Conditions necessary for fossilization, types of fossils and methods of their study; nomenclature

### **UNIT-IV**

8. Present and past distribution of gymnosperms with special reference to India.

Classification; morphology, anatomy, life history, phylogeny and relationships of the main groups of gymnosperms with special reference to :

9. Cycadofilicales – General account.
10. Glossopteridales, Caytoniales, Nilssoniales – general account
11. Bennettitales – general account with reference to *Bennettites*
12. Cycadales and Pentoxylales – general account and phylogeny
13. Cordaitales – general account – *Cordaites*, Platyspermic seeds
14. Ginkgoales - *Ginkgo*

### **UNIT-V**

15. Coniferales – A comparative account of the morphology, anatomy and life history; evolution of the female strobilus and phylogeny
16. Ephedrales – *Ephedra*
17. Welwitschiales – *Welwitschia*
18. Gnetales – *Gnetum*