M.A. (FINAL) POLITICAL SCIENCE Paper – II

5147 NEW

भारत में राजनीतिक संस्थाएं

Unit I

भारतीय संविधान के स्त्रोत, संविधान सभा: गठन, विचाराधारात्मक आधार, संवैधानिक बहस, भारतीय संविधान के लक्षण, मूल ढांचा सम्बन्धी बहस, संविधान संशोधन मूल अधिकार और कर्त्तव्य, राज्य के नीति निदेशक तत्व

Unit II

संघीय कार्यपालिकाः राष्ट्रपति, प्रधानमन्त्री और मंत्रिपरिषदः संघीय व्यवस्थापिकाः लोक सभा और राज्य सभाः संघीय न्यायपालिकाः सर्वोच्च न्यायालय और न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन

Unit III

राज्य की कार्यपालिका: राज्यपाल, मुख्यमंत्री और मन्त्रिमन्डल, राज्य की विधायिका, उच्च न्यायालय, न्यायिक सिक्रियतावाद, न्यायिक सुधार; संविधान संशोधन

Unit IV

भारत में संघवाद: मजबूत संघीय ढांचा, असंतुलित संघीय प्रावधान और अनुकूलन , अंतरशासकीय समन्वयतन्त्र की भूमिका, अंतरराज्य परिषद, उभरती प्रवृत्तियां

Unit V

संवैधानिक और विधिक संस्थाएं: नियंत्रक और महालेखा परीक्षक, अनुसूचित जाति आयोग, अनुसूचित जनजाति आयोग, राष्ट्रीय मानवाधिकार आयोग, राष्ट्रीय महिला आयोग, राष्ट्रीय अल्पसंख्यक आयोग

Readings:

- 1. D.D. Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994.
- 2. C.P. Bhambri, *The Indian State: Fifty Years*, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
- 3. N.G. Jayal (ed.), *Democracy in India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 4. Jennings, *Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution*, London, Oxford University Press, 1953.
- 5. Narain (ed.), State Politics in India, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967.
- 6. M.V. Pylee, Constitutional Government in India, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1977.
- 7. Singh M.P. and Anil Mishra eds. (2004). Coalition Politics in India
- 8. Sinha Aseema. (2005). The Regional Roots of Development Politics in India.
- 9. Sarita: Federalism in India: A Quest for New Identify, Regal Publications 2009

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Political Institutions in India

Unit I

Sources of the Indian Constitution, Constituent Assembly: Composition, Ideological Moorings, Constitutional Debates, Basic Values and Nature of the Indian Constitution, Basic Structure Debate, Constitutional Amendments, Fundamental Rights and Duties; Directive Principles of State Policy.

Unit II

Union Executive: President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers; Union Legislature: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha; Union Judiciary: Supreme Court and Judicial Review.

Unit III

State Executive: Governor, Chief Minister & State Cabinet, State Legislature, High Court, Judicial Activism, Judicial Reform; Constitutional Amendment;

Unit IV

Federalism in India: Strong Centre Framework, Asymmetrical Federal Provisions and Adaption, Role of Intergovernmental Coordination Mechanisms, Inter-State Council, Emerging Trends.

Unit V

Constitutional and Statutory Bodies: Comptroller and Auditor General, National Commission for Scheduled Castes, National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, National Commission for Human Rights, National Commission for Women, National Commission for Minorities.

Readings:

- 1. D.D. Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994.
- 2. C.P. Bhambri, *The Indian State: Fifty Years*, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
- 3. N.G. Jayal (ed.), *Democracy in India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
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